...Lumber, Time, &c.

...k and Parlor

STOVES,

OF ALL KINDS

...st and most approved styles

SHEET-IRON AND
OLLOW WARE.

...l and Lumber

OF ALL KINDS.

...R OF CARLISLE RAILROAD
STREET.

...VES, TIN-WARE, &C.

...G. COOK.

...ties a large assortment of

...N-WARE

...factures largely and uses the best materials,
...all his work, and sells as cheaply as possible.
...allows none to undersell him.

...Roofing & Spouting

...short notice. Job work done quickly and

...OKING STOVES

...t patterns, warranted to bake and give
...to in every respect; among which is the
PENNSYLVANIA COOK, a stove that
...excelled in baking or in cheapness, as hun-
...ers them can testify. Particular attention
...ted to this stove, as it is decidedly one of the
...e in the market. Also, the NOBLE COOK.
...ENERAL, and many other patterns select-
...ong the best in the market.

...per, Brass, Iron and
Tin-ware

...e variety, Coffee-mills, Smoothing Irons,
...ets and Shovels, Tea and Table Spoons,
...t Forks, and many other articles in the
...e line—in fact almost every article needed
...use.

...mekeepers and others will find it to their
...o buy of him, as he is determined to main-
...well-earned reputation for cheapness and fair
[Feb. 11, 1870.—1m

GETTYSBURG
...ME KILNS.

...dersigned has bought out his former pa-
...SHM, and now continues

...LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

...at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corne
...Railroad and North Stratton street. Thank
...st patronage, he will endeavor to deserve it
...nce, by prosecuting the business as vigorous
...he large a scale as possible—always sellin
...icle and giving good measure. Farmers a
...y look for the prompt filling of orders.
...continues the

...OAL BUSINESS

...he most popular kinds. Housekeepers an
...ould give him a call. Blacksmith Coal co
...d hand.

...ddeal deliver as anywhere in Gettysburg
...burg, Nov. 20, 1867. JACOB REILEY

...rming Implements, &c.

...HE WORLD,

...ES' OHIO AND BUCKEYE

...apers and Mowers.

...ful examination of these machines will com-
...y one of their superior merits over all
...strength, durability, ease of draft, and re-
...for work, to all kinds of ground, and in ev-
...ety of grass and grain. Confident of this we
...ose in want of a good machine to examine
...tives before purchasing elsewhere.
...machines can be sold as Natural Mowers—
...s as Hand Rake, Self-Rake, or Dropper—
...west size: No. 1 Machine, with two cutter
...thirty-inch Knives, cutting 24 and a half feet
...four feet eight inches in grass; No. 2, cut-
...feet six inches.
...e that confidence in these machines that we
...to let those wanting a machine test them
...other they may select, and use the one that
...t satisfaction. DODGE'S AUTOMAN RAKE
...s given such general satisfaction that we
...the best Self-Raker out, and is attached to
...machine except the Dodge Machine, the
...Rake is patented.
...e benefit of those wanting a mower to
...ther them to a few of those to whom we have
...best reference, viz:

Bosworth, Sen.,	Henry Culp,
Train Lady,	Henry King,
ge Lady,	Minda Pearree.
han Weiser,	David Stoner
on Mickley,	W. Ross White,
el Bertle,	J. J. Kerr,
s Reader,	Andrew Walkart,
Robert,	Wm. Pigman,
Fuss,	John Guise,
lin Lott,	John H. Hoffman,
Guise,	John N. Boyer.
Rose,	

...WIRE-TOOTH HAY RAKES, including the
...Self-Raking and Self-dumping Rakes.
...LODGER, FANNING MILLS, AND FARM
...KNOWN GENERALLY.
...are wishing to examine machines will find them
...rockside, at Jesse Wible & Son's Store,
...e, or at the residence of the subscriber, 2
...from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road. Par-
...ing Cheerfully will address the subscriber,
...burg, Pa.

WM. WIBLE, Agent.

...ILL AHEAD!

HOFFHEINS'

...EAPER & MOWER,

...f the Greatest Machines of the
Age.

...perior to any other Machine now in use, as
...cannot say that will ever be introduced, hav-
...s thoroughly tried and given general satisfac-
...ground for boasting all those who intend pur-
...machines to call and examine for themselves.
...claims to stand pre-eminently to excel all other
...in strength, durability, ease of draft, and
...ility of work, in all kinds of ground and grain.
...ed grass admirably, which is a great item
...ose to a farmer. It can be hand or horse
...will not be a misfit after. It cuts 5 feet 2 inches in
...and 24 inches in grass; has a steel cutter
...wrought iron guards; it can be used as a
...ower or will be a Combined Machine.
...ve the best Mowing Machine can be had.
...SUBSCRIBER KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND
...and the great and well-known HEART RAKE,
...rake ever introduced. We usually offer call
...ention to the LOCK DOUBLE SHOVEL
...E, wrought iron frame, very light and strong,
...ground, adapted for corn, timber or deep,
...ently and carefully made.
...THE KIRKPATRICK AND EXTENSION PAN-
...ILL, the old Reliable and Fan improved, for
...ears a great favorite among the farmers of
...ounds. It is large and strong, has two cocks
...and warranted to work perfectly.
...ll kinds of CLEANING MACHINES always
...

...rsons wishing to examine these machines can
...at the Shaffer Hotel, or at my residence,
...from Gettysburg, between the Taneytown
...the Baltimore pike.

LEWIS A. BUSHMAN.
...3, 1869—tf

...RDS, Letter Heads, Bill Heads
...ter shapes, and all kinds of Job Printin
...y assistance and cheap at this office.

HARPER, MORRISON & BUEHLER
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.
Baltimore st. between Court-House and Diamond
Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be neted at short notice. TERMS CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

H. B. WOODS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Has resumed the Practice of Law, and will attend to any business in the Courts of Adams county. For the present he can be consulted at his Store.
March 4, 1870—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
☞ Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, Attorney at Law, office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to duties, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and Insurance Claims, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages collected in the United States promptly and efficiently attended to.
...and rarest located and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States.
June 18, 1869.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞ Will give strict attention in the three orphans' court districts. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, office at his residence in the South-end of Chambersburg street, Gettysburg.
May 29, 1867.

DR. H. S. HUBER,
S. E. Corner of Chambersburg and Washington street
OPPOSITE COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL.
June 11 1869.—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, ... above the "*Sampler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., *DENTIST*
...in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the
Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.
☞ Having been in constant practice over 20 years patients can be assured of good work. [July 9.—1

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Lutheran church, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist ... rest of full or partial sets of teeth ... inserted in the latest and most reasonable style.
July 30, 1869.—tf

DR. H. W. LeFEVRE
Littlestown, Adams co., Pa.,
HAVING permanently located in that place, will engage in the general practice of Medicine and Surgery. Office in Lombard street, near the Railroad street. [Aug. 20, 1869.—t

Carriages, Harness, &c.

NEW HARNESS SHOP.

JOHN CULP

INFORMS his friends and the public generally that he has resumed the Harness-making business, and opened a Shop on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, adjoining the Passenger depot, where he will manufacture and keep on hand all kinds of
HARNESS,
BRIDLES, COLLARS,
WHIPS, LASHES,
FLY-NETS, &c &c
which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Also,

TRUNKS of all kinds.

REPAIRING done PROMPTLY attended to promptly
Having been regularly bred to the business for 20 years, I can guarantee the best kind of work, all being made under my own supervision. Give us a call.
—May 7, 1868.—tf JOHN CULP.

DAVID McCREARY. JOHN F. McCREARY

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest,

SADDLES, BRIDLES,
COLLARS and,
HARNESS of all kinds, in the County

are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church
(McCREARY'S.)

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles,
are the most substantially built and neatest.
Our Harness, *(plain and silver mounted,)* are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.
Our upper leather Draft Collars,
ARE JUST SO SEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
Our Heavy Draft Harness,
are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.
Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets and everything in the line *None better or cheaper.*
Our prices
have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, of all ... amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
☞ Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY
Jan. 29, 1868.—tf D. McCREARY & SON.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

THE undersigned has resumed the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner at lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.,
on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
☞ REPAIRING ☜
done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Buggies and Carriages.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the west end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:
CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.
His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.
REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.
W. K. GALLAGHER.
July 1, 1868.—1y

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel S. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—S. S. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. S. Russell, S. S. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg, Y. S.)

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for nearly ... years, and in that period has made but one ... amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 9 o'clock, P.M. [June 10, 1868.—1

Business Cards.

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Christman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.

REPAIRING of all kinds. Give me a call.
April 30, 1869—tf

JEREMIAH CULP
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,
is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms
COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.
He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.
☞ York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church
May 27, 1868—tf

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Front Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of a kinds repaired, [Dec. 25, 1867.—

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP
HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for
Covering Sofas, Chairs, Mattrasses, and Upholstering in all its branches.
He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.
Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 11.—tf

COOPERING!

PETER CULP
Has commenced the
COOPERING BUSINESS
in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of
MEAT VESSELS, CROUT-STANDS, PICKEL STANDS, TUBS, FLOUR BARRELS.
I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call.
Aug. 13, 1869.—tf

YOUNT'S COMPOUND
FOR THE CURE OF
PUTRIDSORETHROAT, INFLUENZA
or any other Inflammatory or Ulcerated sore of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in
THOUSANDS OF CASES,
a different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.
☞ Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & CO., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county.
May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

Surveying--Conveyancing.

J. S. WITHEROW,
FAIRFIELD, PA.,
Tenders his services to the public as a
PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms. Having taken out a Conveyancer's License, he will also attend to preparing
DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, LEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING AT SALES, &c.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable.—Post Office address, Fairfield, Adams co., Pa.
Jan. 1, 1869.—1y

CABBAGE SEED.

I HAVE grown and will send by mail the Seed of the following varieties of CABBAGE:
"STONE MASON"—A remarkable sweet and tender variety. I have succeeded in raising this variety, we weigh from 15 to 22 pounds. Under favorable circumstances every plant will head.

Mammoth Drumhead
—equalin quality with the Stone mason. Under high culture heads attain to the weight of 40 lbs.
The Seed is put up in packages and sent to any address on the receipt of 50 cts. for one package, or 85 cts. for both varieties.
Directions for successful cultivation accompany each package. Several Specimens of the above varieties were on exhibition at the last agricultural Fair in Gettysburg.
Address SOLOMON WEIDNER,
Biglerville, Adams co., Pa.
Oct. 8.—tf

GRANITE-YARD,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.
PETER BEITLER
Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—
Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,
cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.
☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
June 2.—tf

OYSTER SALOON!

JOHN GRUEL
CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,
(Other side of Eagle Hotel,
Announces to his friends that in addition to his CONFECTIONARY, he has opened an Oyster Saloon, where during the season he will keep constantly on hand
PRIME OYSTERS,
the best the market can afford, with special accommodations for
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
☞ Give us a call. ☜
Jan. 21, 1870.—tf

BARGAINS IN
NEW FURNITURE.

A NUMBER of sets of COTTAGE FURNITURE of the latest design, manufactured by the Gettysburg Spring Bed Company, are now offered for sale at the Furniture Store of Geo. A. Wilhelm & Co., (in Odd Fellow's Hall.)
July 12.—tf PROPRIETORS.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHION-ABLE BARBER, opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,
Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
All kinds of
CRACKERS, CAKES,
BREAD, ROLLS,
PRETZELS, &c
constantly baked and always to be had fresh.
With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.
SALTZER NEWPORT.
April 9, 1869—tf

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain, near Graeffenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of
WHITE OAK, PINE, HEMLOCK,
or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures
SHINGLES, PAILINGS, &c.
LUMBER
delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES. 3 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.
All letters should be addressed to him at Graeffenburg P. O. Adams county, Pa.
Oct. 29, 1869.—tf HENRY MILTENBERGER.

Carpenters and Contractors.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenters and Contractors.
Doors, Shutters, Blinds, Door and Window Frames, Cornice, Door & Window Brackets, &c.
Constantly on hand and manufactured to order o
BEST MATERIALS,
by experienced workmen, and at
REASONABLE PRICES.
☞ Orders promptly attended to.
Jan. 16, 1869.—tf

GEO. C. CASHMAN
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenter and Contractor,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has removed to his new Shop on Stratton street between York and Railroad streets and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and repairing Buildings, at as reasonable rate as any builder in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be of best quality. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit public patronage. Give me a call.
April 9, 1869.—tf

WM. CHRITZMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenter and Contractor,
Having removed to my new Shop
On Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets,
and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
☞ Orders for all kinds of Brackets, Scrolls, Mouldings, &c., promptly filled and on reasonable terms.
April 16, 1869.—tf

Marble Yards.

J. M. CANNON. W. M. MILLER.

NEW FIRM.

CANNON & MILLER'S
MARBLE WORKS,
Corner of Baltimore and East Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.
Every Description of Work executed in the finest style of the Art.
ALL KINDS OF
Cast, Wrought and Wire Railings,
FURNISHED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
March 4, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.
MEALS & BRO.
In East York Street, Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work at the lowest
SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES
MANTELS, &c. &c.
at the shortest notice, and cheaper as the cheapest.
☞ Country Produce taken in exchange for work.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

WM. P. McCARTNEY
WISHES to inform his Customers and the Public generally, that having purchased the interest of Mr. C. W. BENNER in the Watch and Jewelry store of Bentzel & McCartney, Gettysburg, he will continue to carry on the business at the old stand.
He has just returned from the City with a splendid assortment of
GOLD AND SILVER AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER, TEA AND TABLE WARE, SPECTACLES, GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL FRAME SPECTACLES; also, CLOCKS of the latest manufacture, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN & GUITAR STRINGS, BRACES AND BRIDGES.
☞ Watch and Clock Work warranted for one year. Jewelry repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner.
Sept. 10, 1869.—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,
WATCHES & JEWELRY,
No. 148 NORTH SECOND STREET, corner of Quarry
PHILADELPHIA.
☞ Watches carefully packed and forwarded by Express to any part of the country. All work warranted for one year. Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Aug. 13, 1869.—1y

Medical.

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON,
Physician of this celebrated Institution, has Discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all
DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.
Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Stricture, Affection of the Kidneys or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, Gleet, Sexual Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible Disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—a secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.
YOUNG MEN
Especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.
MARRIAGE.
Married persons or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency), Nervous Excitability, Epilepsies, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other Disqualification, speedily relieved.
He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER,
Immediately Cured and Full Vigor Restored.
This distressing Affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility and Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.
A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.
Relief in six Hours! No Mercury!
Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.
DR. JOHNSTON,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.
TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.
These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.
MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.
Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous, emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.
[Aug. 20, 1869.—t

YOUNG MEN
Who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in by bad companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.
What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and employment of life by the unnecessary deviating from the path of nature, and indulging a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating
MARRIAGE,
Reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly more clouded to the view, the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.
DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.
When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has inhibited the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease makes their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration till death puts a period to the dreadful suffering, by sending him to that undiscovered country "from whence no traveller returns."
It is a melancholy fact that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through failing into the hands of ignorant or unskilful PRETENDERS, who, by the use of Mercury, Poison, Nauseous Nostrums, destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewal of Life, Vigor and Happiness, he sinks into a state of confirmed ill health to ought or his gailing disappointment.
To such, therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to observe the most Inviolable Secrecy, and from his extensive practice and observations in the great Hospitals of Europe, and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has it in his power to offer the most Certain, speedy and Effectual Remedy in the World for all Diseases of Imprudence.
DR. JOHNSTON,
Office, 7 South Frederick st.,
BALTIMORE, Md.
left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Pull not to observe name and number.
☞ No letters received unless postpaid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age, and send a portion of advertisement describing symptoms.
There are so many Fairy, Designing and Worthless Impostors now practising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his Credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office
ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.
The many thousands cured at this Establishment, year after year and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the representative of the press and many other persons, notice of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.
SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.
March 11, 1870—1y1pr

Butchering.

MEAT MARKET!

NEW FIRM!

GEORGE B. STOVER & THADDEUS S. WIBLE,
HAVING entered into partnership in the BUTCHERING BUSINESS, will carry it on in all its branches. All kinds of
Fresh Meat Every Day.
Beef every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Small meats every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings.
Market stand at Geo. B. Stover's residence on Chambersburg street, second square.
Those having fat stock for sale will find it to their advantage to call on or address the new Firm.
STOVER & WIBLE.
Aug. 13, 1869.—tf

West Middle Street Market
(NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE.)
Every Day in the Week,
SUNDAY EXCEPTED,
Fresh Beef three times a week, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday mornings. Lamb, Veal or Mutton every day. Orders left at my market in the evening, will be promptly delivered the following morning.
GEORGE A. CODORI.
June 18, 1869—tf

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Hardware and Groceries.

The subscribers have just returned from the cities with a immense supply of HARDWARE and GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand on Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET-MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
Oils, Paints, &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had in this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line.—Give us a call as we are prepared to sell on low for cash as any other house out of the City.
DAVID KESLER,
JOEL B. GANNON,
May 20, 1867.—tf

The Star and Sentinel.

[BY REQUEST.

LICENSE OR NO LICENSE.

Vote yes! and the lava tide of death
Over cottage, hall and bower,
Shall roll its dark, blood-crested wave
While madness rules the hour.

Vote no! and the white-winged angel, Peace,
Shall dwell in the drunkard's home;
And beams of temperance truth and light
Dispel the withering gloom.

Vote yes! and the care-worn heart will break,
The pale lip hush its prayer;
The wretched drunkard downward haste
To realms of dark despair.

Vote no! and the mother's heart will leap,
The sister's eye be dry,
The inebriate clasp his hands,
And raise his voice on high.

Oh! then, by the life which God hath given,
By your powers to curse or bless,
By your fears of hell and your hopes of heaven,
Let not thy vote be yes.

By the cherished heart's most bitter wrong,
By the spirit's deathless woe—
In the name of God and the name of man,
Let every vote be no.

JOSH BILLING'S PAPERS.

JEWS HARPS.

A gentleman iz a gentleman the world over—loafers differ.

Benevolence iz the cream that rizes on the milk ov human kindness.

Courage without discretion, iz a ram with horns on both ends, he will hav more fites on hand than he kan well attend to.

Hunting after happiness, iz like hunting after a lost sheep in the wilderness; when yu find it, the chances are, that it iz a skeleton.

A dog iz the only animal kritter who luvs you more than he luvs himself.

There iz no more real satisfackshon in laying up in your buzzum an injury than there iz in stuffing a dead hornet, who haz stung you, and keeping him tew look at.

Old friends are like old cheese, the strongest.

Lies are like illegitimate children, they are liable tew call a man "father" when he least expekts it.

All money that iz well spent iz a good investment.

If we would all ov us take kare ov our own souls, and let our nabors alone, there would be less time lost, and more souls saved.

Before I would preach the gospel az some ministers are obliged to, for 459 dollars a year, I would git a living az Nebudkenezzer did, and let the congregashun go tew grass two.

Content is the vittles and drink ov the soul.

Did you ever hear a son bragging about hiz father, whoze father could with justice brag about his son?

The safest kind ov faith I know ov, iz humanity.

The man who never makes enny mistakes, like the angle-worm, never gits far away from hiz hole.

A brilliant blunder in a writer, iz often one of his best hits.

Tyranny is often changed, but never distroyed.

I never knu a profound phool yet, who did not affekt gravity, nor a truly wize man, whoze face was not alwuz cocked and primed for a laugh.

A pompous man iz like a full blown bladder, it iz pure malice tew prick him.

The money and morality ov this world are a good deal alike, the principle never loses sight ov the interest.

Pity costs nothing—and aint worth nothing.

What men kant do, they are apt to admire—they don't criticise a mountain, bekause they kant make one.

Poverty iz one ov them kind ov misfortunes, that we all ov us dread, but none of us pity.

There iz lots ov people in this world who covet misfortunes, jist for the luxury ov grieving.

It iz comparatively easy tew repent ov the sins that we hav committed, but tew repent ov thoze which we intend to commit, is asking tew much ov enny man, nowadays.

I thank God for one thing, and that iz, when every budy else is happy, I am sure to be.

Most men go thru life az rivers go tew the sea, bi following the lay ov the ground.

In youth we run into difficulties, in old age difficulties runs into us.

"Times ain't az they used tew be"—this haz bin the sollum and wize remark ov mankind, ever since Adam was a boy.

Secrets are cussed poor property at best, if yu cirkulate them, yu loze them, and if yu keep them, yu loze the interest on the investment.

Persecuted for the Devil's sake, is what sinners git for their allegiance.

Sum people won't believe enny thing they kant prove; the things i can't prove, are the very things i believe the most.

Pride never shows itself more disgustingly than in the pomp ov a phuneral.

Happiness is not idleness, but its spirit is az free from labor, az the life ov a yearling heifer.

Good examples among the rulers are the best laws they kan enakt.

The devil is probably the best judge ov human natur that ever lived, and he must hav believed in the doktrine of total depravity, or he wouldn't hav undertook too tempt the Saviour.

A "gentleman about town," is one who pays cash for everything except his debts.

Money is like charity, it kivers a multitude ov sins.

A pedant is one who fills himself in a cellar with the klam broth ov literature, and then picks his teeth in the society ov the learned.

There is but little, if any, ceremony between two wize men, but between a wise man and a phool ceremony is the only thing that will make a phool feel respektable.

When yu find a man who is very solishus about the welfare ov everybody, yu kin safely put him down as one who is hunting for a misfortune.

A Yoonn man, do you believe in a future state?"

"In course I does; and what's more, I intend to enter into it as soon as Betsey gets her wedding things ready."

"You mistake me; do you believe in a future state of rewards and punishments?"

"Most assuredly; if I should cut mugs with a red-headed woman I should expect my hat indented by the first broomstick she could lay her hands on."

"Go to, young man, you are incorrigible. Go to."

"Go two! If it wasn't for the law again bigamy, blessed if I wouldn't go a dozen. But who supposed, Jessica, that a man of your years would give such advice to a person just starting in life?"

The Star and Sentinel.

GOOD MEN IN POLITICS.

At the recent Methodist State Convention of New York, held in Syracuse, the subject of "Our position and duties as Christian citizens," was assigned to a special committee. The chairman, Rev. Dr. Peck, of Albany, made a very interesting and sensible report, in which the following admirable statement of duties was enlarged upon and applied:

"*First*:—No man has a right to sink his citizenship in his religion nor to surrender his manhood to any man or any number of men. Christians should therefore be intelligent, active and thorough in every department of government by the people.

Second—The moral element ought to be vital and controlling in politics, and Christian men are under special obligation to make energetic and persistent efforts to secure this result.

Fourth—When party commands the support of bad principles, bad measures, or bad men, all good men should refuse to obey.

Fifth—Christian citizens ought to rescue primary elections and the ballot from the control of vicious men.

Sixth—The political conscience of American citizens should be formed and directed by the spirit of true Christian

The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, April 8, 1870.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 12,000 persons.

THE Maryland Legislature adjourned *sine die* on Monday night, after pressing a bill to provide for the registration of colored voters.

AN election for Town Commissioners was held in Towsontown, Baltimore county, on Monday. Colored persons voted without objection. The Republican ticket was elected.

THE Philadelphia papers, which so malignantly fought the Border Damage Bill, are profoundly silent over the grand Railroad swindle which robbed the Sinking Fund of $9,500,000. Was the Border Claim Bill contested, simply to enable the lobby to make a heavier haul from the Treasury?

GEN. GEORGE H. THOMAS will be buried at Troy, N. York, to day, (Friday,) with imposing ceremonies, which are under charge of Gen. Sherman.—The latter proposed to the friends of the deceased that the body be interred at West Point, but the widow preferred Troy, where she intends to make her residence. President Grant, with a number of the most prominent officers of the army, will be in attendance.

AN article is going the rounds of the Copperhead press, purporting to give an account of a State dinner party by the President to Mrs. Revels, the wife of the colored Senator from Mississippi, with details of dress, conversation, &c. The intelligent reader need hardly be told that the entire story has been manufactured, and is thrown as a sop to the vulgar prejudices of negro-phobia. Rather poor wit.

GOV. BOWIE, of Maryland, insists upon the Democracy of that State putting itself in accord with the XVth Amendment. Last Saturday he vetoed a bill for the incorporation of Chestertown, Kent county, because it made no provision for the registration and voting of colored citizens. Gov. Bowie holds that the 15th Amendment is now the law of the land, and binding on the State of Maryland. An attempt was made in the House to pass the bill over the Governor's veto, but it failed, yeas 16, nays 42.

A BILL has passed the lower House of Congress, providing that the election for members of the Forty-third Congress shall be held on the second Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1872, and for subsequent Congresses on the same day in every second year thereafter. The object is to have all members of Congress elected at the same time and on the same day. It does not apply to the 42d Congress. Hence members of Congress will be elected in Pennsylvania this year, as usual, at the October election.

THE terrible storm on Monday prevented a full vote in Connecticut in the rural districts, in consequence of which the Democrats elect their Governor by a small majority. Returns from all but two towns give English 48,834, Jewell 48,151. The Republicans have the Legislature, 1 majority in the Senate and 18 in the House. The State has been close and vacillating for years.—Two years ago English beat Jewell 1765. Last year Jewell was elected by about 600. Colored men did not vote, there not being time to register after the proclamation of the adoption of the 15th Amendment.

THE United States Senate on Friday decided, by a vote of 40 to 12, that Gen. Ames was eligible to a seat as Senator from Mississippi. He was at once sworn in. The case was purely a legal one, and the whole discussion turned on the *status* of army officers as to residence. Gen. Ames was sent to Mississippi as Military Governor, and while still in the Military service was elected Senator, he having some days previously announced his purpose to make the State his permanent residence. The Senate Judiciary Committee held, as a legal question, that this did not give him a legal habitation, and reported adversely to his right to a seat. The Senate, however, by a vote of more than 3 to 1 overruled the Judiciary Committee.

THE U. States Supreme Court on Friday, by a majority vote, ordered a re-argument of the Legal Tender cases —Justices Swayne, Miller, Davis, (who had dissented from the previous ruling of the Court,) uniting with the new Justices, Strong and Bradley, in favor of a re-hearing—while Chief Justice Chase, and Justices Nelson, Clifford and Field, by whom the late decision was made, insisted that the decision stand as the judgment of the Court and voted against a re-hearing. The re-argument will take place on Monday.—This action indicates a probability of the late decision being reversed. Justice Strong, while on the Pennsylvania Supreme Bench, affirmed the constitutionality of the Legal Tender Act, and Justice Bradley is said to hold similar views. If so, a majority of the Court, as now constituted, will decide the Act constitutional and put a quietus on the parties who, under the late ruling, had already begun to enforce the payment in gold of bonds and obligations given prior to 1862.

THE public debt statement for the month of March shows a still further reduction of nearly six millions of dollars, ($5,766,849.43,) a decrease quite unexpected in view of the heavy payments—nearly $15,000,000—on account of pensions during the early part of last month. The decrease during the month of April will unquoubtedly be much greater, as the receipts from internal revenue are usually very heavy in this month, while the general expenses of the Government are light.

Since the 4th of March, 1869, the reduction in the national debt is something in excess of $96,000,000. For the three months of this year the decrease aggregates $16,184,825.07, itemized as follows:—

For January	$8,393,664 29
For February	6,484,311 25
For March	5,766,849 43
Total	$16,184,825 07

This is an average of over five millions a month, and promises for the year a decrease of sixty millions.

GRAND Sire Farnsworth, of the Grand Lodge of the United States of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, has issued a proclamation recommending the observance of the 26th day of April as a day of thanksgiving and prayer to God, in view of the great prosperity vouchsafed to the Order.

FROM WARRENTON.

The Border Damage bill was defeated in the House last week, receiving but 16 votes to 73 nays. This kills the bill for the present session.

Governor Geary has vetoed the bill prohibiting the erection of public buildings on Independence Square, on the ground that the State has no jurisdiction in the matter.

The members of the Legislature all winter have been wasting time, adjourning over regularly from Friday to Monday afternoon, and now that the day fixed for adjournment is near at hand there is a frantic effort to rush through long neglected bills. There are an immense number of local bills on file and every member is solicitous to put his own through. As many bills are read simply by title, it is impossible to tell what is being done, and often the members themselves do not know. It will be some weeks after this precious body adjourns before we will be able to say what are laws and what are not. In the disgraceful hurry mischievous bills are passed by some hocus pocus, only to be arrested by a Gubernatorial veto, or to be recalled by joint resolution on being apprised of the true character of the bill. In one day last week Gov. Geary was compelled to return no less than twelve bills with his vetoes, all local bills of no general interest, and the whole batch the spawn of hasty and thoughtless legislation. One was a duplicate of a bill previously passed and signed by the Governor, who thought it useless to encumber the volume of laws with two statutes precisely alike. Some were in violation of constitutional provisions, and others covered the jurisdiction of the Courts. Year by year this thing grows worse and will not be remedied until the people of both parties take the matter in hand and insist on sending to Harrisburg honest, capable Representatives who will be more concerned about their duty to the State, and who can rise above the murky atmosphere of corruption and demoralization that prevails at Harrisburg.

Another instance of the looseness with which legislative business is transacted at Harrisburg is thus given. The City Councils of Philadelphia prepared a new tax bill for that city, which passed both branches of the Legislature. Before it was sent to the Governor, however, it was supplemented by a counterfeit bill which had not been before either House, but was gotten up by the Ring who swarm our Legislative halls. The bogus bill was sent to the Executive and approved by him, and the rascality of the transaction was not disclosed until after it was signed. The Governor has since sent a message to both Houses asking a thorough examination of the matter, and that the tax law in question be repealed.

The bill giving to the people the right to determine by vote whether licenses shall be granted to taverns and saloons, has passed both branches of the Legislature, amended so as to require the vote to be taken by counties. This amendment practically defeats the object of the bill, as but few counties will throw an aggregate majority against license, although many boroughs and townships would be glad to get rid of the evil.

THE colored people in different parts of the country have been celebrating the ratification of the 15th Constitutional Amendment by the firing of cannon and other evidences of rejoicing. At Washington the First Ward Republican Club, largely made up of colored men, on Friday serenaded Senator Sumner and a number of prominent Republicans, calling at the White House *en route*. President Grant responded cordially to the compliment, and after a brief speech by Col. J. W. Forney, said:

"I can assure those present that no consummation since the close of the war affords me so much pleasure as the ratification of the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution by three fourths of the States of the Union. I have felt the greatest anxiety ever since I was called to this House to know that this was to be secured. It looked like the realization of the Declaration of Independence. [Applause.] I cannot say near as much on this subject as I would like to, not being accustomed to speaking, but I thank you for your presence this evening."

Vice President Colfax, who was on a visit to the White House, was called out and said:

"My heart rejoices with you in that proclamation which declares to the people of this Republic and to the people of the world the ratification of the fifteenth amendment to the Constitution. It is indeed a fortunate coincidence that the same voice that proclaimed the downfall of the rebellion and the salvation intact of this imperrilled Union, proclaimed afterwards, as the Chief Magistrate of the land which by his valor and that of his fellow-soldiers was saved from disruption, that as this country was made all free, the same country was determined that every one should have in his hands the ballot to protect that country.—Opposed as it has been in its progress to this final culmination, it will live in all history as the Magna Charta of this Republic of the United States."

The President of the Pennsylvania Equal Rights League, a colored organization, has issued a proclamation setting apart Tuesday, the 26th instant, as a day of general rejoicing by colored people over the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment, recommending the general observance of the day, and that all business be suspended and the churches opened in the morning for praises and thanksgiving, and that the afternoon be devoted to processions and the evening to festivities.

THE "strong-minded" women are agitating for the elective franchise, and are organizing in various parts of the country. It will be some time before they accomplish their purposes. Thus far these noisy agitators have had the field to themselves, the great mass of the true women of the country evincing no sympathy with the movement. The latest phase of the movement is a proposition to amend the National Constitution so as to secure female suffrage. In Congress, on Monday, Mr. Julian of Indiana, who has capitulated to the fair agitators, offered a joint resolution proposing the adoption of the following to be known as the XVIth Amendment, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee:

Article XVI.

Section 1. The rights of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Section 2. That Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

THE Massachusetts people are agitating for Legislative reform in that State. It is proposed to limit the pay of members to $500, and provide that one-half of the members hold over every year, so as to secure larger legislative experience and less crude legislation. After all, the difficulty is with the people. Until they make up their minds to keep incompetent and corrupt men at home, they must submit to the evils now rampant at Legislative centres. To increase the term of an unfaithful Representative would only make matters worse.

FOR some weeks there has been a conflict of authority in Richmond, Va., between Mayor Calhoun holding his appointment by military authority, and Mr. Ellison, who claims to be Mayor under appointment by Gov. Walker. Judge Underwood, of the U. S. Circuit Court, issued an injunction to restrain Ellison from interfering with Calhoun, which Ellison disregarded, and Gen. Canby was called on to enforce the mandate of the Court—The matter is now before Chief Justice Chase, on a motion to dissolve the injunction, and both parties have agreed to await the decison of the Supreme Court.

A BRILLIANT tribute was paid to the memory of the late Gen. Thomas, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, on Tuesday night. The President, members of the Cabinet, Vice President, Senators and members of Congress, and distinguished army officers, were present, the chamber being draped with flags. Impressive speeches were made by Gens. Sherman, Cox, McCook, Shuz, Garfield, Slocum, and other personal friends of the deceased.

THE returns of the town elections in Ohio and Illinois indicate large Republican gains. In Ohio colored men voted. In Cincinnati the contest turned largely on the question of the exclusion of the Bible from the Common Schools The Board of Aldemen will stand, 15 Republicans, 6 Democrats, 2 Independents, and a tie in one word. The City Council will stand 28 Republicans, 16 Democrats and 4 Independents.—The School Board stands 26 for the Bible in the schools and 22 against.

ON Wednesday President Grant withdrew from the Senate the name of Hon. George A. Pearre to be Judge of the United States Court in the Fourth Circuit (Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina,) and nominated in his place Hugh L. Bond, of Baltimore.

GOVERNOR GEARY has appointed Colonel George F. McFarland Superintendent of the Soldiers Orphans' Department for three years, dating from April 29, 1870.

THE Republicans made a clean sweep of Rhode Island on Wednesday, electing Paddleford Governor by about 4,000 majority, and carrying both branches of the Legislature.

GENERAL NEWS.

COMMISSIONER Delano has prohibited the publication of the annual lists of assessments made on the return of taxpayers.

THE trial of McFarland for the shooting of Albert D. Richardson was commenced on Monday at New York.

HON. W. W. HAYS, Mayor of Harrisburg, died on Thursday afternoon last, of pulmonary consumption.

A MOVEMENT is on foot having for its object the early admission of the Territory of New Mexico into the sisterhood of States.

IN California the Legislature has increased the legal rate of interest from seven to ten per cent.

COMMITTEES have been appointed by both Houses of Congress to attend General Thomas' obsequies at Troy.

A MAN confined in the Allentown jail has read the Bible through twenty-three times within the past two years.

THE rebel press of Georgia is daily growing more defiant, and is endeavoring to goad the people on to madness and another revolution.

GEN. Fitz John Porter is out in a reply to Senator Chandler's strictures on his disobedience of orders at the Bull run fight. He claims to have done his whole duty.

A PASSENGER train on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad of Missouri was thrown from the track on Saturday night, and twenty-five persons injured, two fatally.

FURTHER troubles and discontent are reported to be occurring in Ireland, and the emigration to the United States has greatly increased of late.

FRANKLIN B. GOWAN has lately been re-elected President of the Reading railroad company, and his salary increased to $30,000 a year.

THE Supreme Court of the United States decided, on Monday, in favor of the right of a State to tax the shares of National banks, and enforce its collection through the banks.

A WASHINGTON despatch says that the information received at the State Department leaves no doubt in the mind of Secretary Fish that the War in Paraguay is at an end, and the Allies have strong hopes of capturing Lopez.

A SHARP shock of an earthquake, lasting six seconds, occurred at San Francisco at 11.58 A. M. on Saturday. No damage was caused, but there was a general panic for some moments, both men and animals being frightened.

THE President, it is stated, has signified his willingness to abandon the income tax in compliance with the pressure brought to bear upon Congress from all parts of the country to that end. Secretary Boutwell, however, remains strongly in favor of its continuance.

TENNESSEE papers are very sensibly advising planters to put in sufficient corn this spring to preclude the necessity of buying from abroad next fall and winter. Now that it is rid of slavery, the South has but to raise its own cereals, and encourage the manufacture of its own goods, to become as independent and prosperous as the North.

GENS. Sherman and Sheridan have written letters about the Piegon Indian fight, in which it is said that the story of the massacre is false, and that it was trumped up by interested parties. The women and children killed were killed by accident and not deliberately as stated. This presents the matter in a very different light, and is no doubt the correct version of the affair.

OFFICIAL information has just been received that the French government has arranged with the French Atlantic Cable Company to cancel its exclusive concession for landing cables from the United States on French soil. The United States Government or any citizen of our country can, therefore, now land cables from the United States on French soil, in reciprocation of the privilege to the French to land cables on the soil of the United States.

NEXT Saturday will witness a dissolution of what was lately a power in this nation. We allude to the formal disbanding of the American Anti Slavery Society. Organized in 1833, its history covers the most stirring and fateful period in American annals.—Provoked into existence by a great evil, and maintaining its organization under great disadvantages, its members, many of whom were its founders, are about to witness the completion of its labors within an ordinary lifetime.

A BITTER war is now going on in the City of New York between the great dry goods houses of A. T. Stewart & Co., and H. B. Claffin & Co. The former has put staple goods upon the market even below the prices of the manufacturer. Merrimack, which the company hold at twelve cents, Stewart puts at ten cents, and when the company refused to sell him, he procured a supply through a Philadelphia house. This is excellent for customers, and will hasten a general downfall of prices so much to be desired.

A CHAPTER OF HORRORS.

Ten or Twelve Lives Lost During the Terrible Storms in March—A Mother and Three Children Frozen to Death.

A fearful history of disasters and loss of life attending the almost unparalleled storms of Friday and Tuesday, March 11 and 15, is given the Blue Earth City (Union) *Post:*

On the evening of the 15th of March while the family of Mr. A. F. Bates, consisting of himself, his wife, three girls, aged respectively 8 and 6 years, and 5 months, and two boys, aged respectively 2 and 4 years, were gathered about their fireside at Mr. Bates' residence, near the east line of the town of Seely, and while the storm was sweeping across the bleak prairie in fierce gusts of wind, snow and ice, they were suddenly startled by a shower of fire upon their heads from the attic above. The roar of the flames and the stifling smoking struck terror to the hearts of the group and disclosed the terrible fact that the whole upper portion of the house, which had been filled with the highly combustible material of hay, was on fire! and that they must flee for their lives from the fire-fiend into the arms of the storm! The terrified mother, with maternal instinct, clasped her helpless babe to her bosom, and taking another child by the hand, followed the rest of the family from the flame wrapped dwelling into the merciless storm, carrying with her a quilt for the protection of her children.

Having reached a safe distance from the burning dwelling the quilt was spread upon the snow and the children deposited thereon by the distracted parents, the mother endeavoring to shield them from the storm, while the father returned to the burning dwelling and vainly labored to subdue the fire. Borne up by the winds, the fierce flames reared themselves to an incredible height, their lurid glare piercing the dismal gloom of the storm, and forming together a scene truly terrific. No neighbors were near to lend a helping hand, and unaided and alone the half crazed man battled with the flames. His almost superhuman efforts were of no avail. The fire gained on him, and soon the flames gathering up as if for a final effort, with one fell swoop threw themselves upon the tottering house and enveloped it in a sheet of livid fire, in the midst of which the building fell, scattering myriads of firebrands and sparks in every direction. Mr. B., seeing that all hope was lost, returned with difficulty through the blinding storm to his perishing family, and succeeded in getting them into a stable, which proved but a slight protection against the relentless blasts.

They were all thoroughly benumbered with cold, and in a few moments the mother, the eldest girl, the youngest boy, and the babe expired, Mrs. Bates dying in the arms of her husband. Covering the remains up as well as he was able, Mr. Bates started for the house of a neighbor to get assistance. Pierced through and through with the driving storm, his clothes wet and frozen to his person, he struggled through the snow and storm, frequently falling down with exhaustion, and tempted to give up in despair. Nerved with the hope of saving the lives of his two remaining children, he pushed ahead, and finally reached a house with just strength enough left to tell his heart-rending story. As soon as he was able to return he started back with assistance, and reached the stable after an absence of several hours. Fortunately, while he was gone, a pig had crawled in up on the freezing children, and by its warmth preserved their lives. They were carried to a place of safety, and are now doing well, notwithstanding the terrible exposure which they underwent.

Two brothers, by the name of Colman, living in the township of Lake Belt, Martin county, went out in the storm on Tuesday evening to milk their cows at the stable, only ten or twelve rods from the house. They did not return during the night, and as soon as it was light in the morning a party started out to look for the missing men. They soon struck two different tracks in the snow, proceeding in the same direction, and sometimes approaching within six feet of each other, but never coming quite together. Evidently the unfortunate men had lost their way and wandered off in the storm. The trails were found through all devious wanderings, showing traces in numerous places of where the bewildered men had fallen down and struggled up again; where they had crawled upon their hands and knees, and finally, about a half mile from the house and eighty rods apart, where they had lain down to die. One of them was found lying on his back with his hands under him, and the other lying upon his face, both frozen stiff.

A German by the name of Deinhart, and a Norwegian, whose name we could not learn, living at Spencer, Clay county, Iowa, had been to mill at Estherville, and attempted to return in the storm with an ox team. They lost their way in the prairie, and wandered about in the cold and storm for hours, badly frozen and hungry. At last one of the oxen fell in a snow drift, and was about to die, when the desperate men cut his throat, drank the blood, cut some of the raw flesh, abandoned the sled, and continued their weary march. They struggled on in the snow until they reached an uninhabited homestead cabin, where Deinhart gave out and refused to go further. Here the Norwegian left him, with a piece of the raw and frozen flesh to sustain Deinhardt's life while he tried to procure help.

After traveling some distance he came to a house and dispatched aid to his companion. It reached him to late. The Norwegian's legs, arms, hands and face were badly frozen, and our informant says that when he saw him he was the most horrible looking object he ever beheld.

In addition to the above cases three men were frozen to death at Cherokee, Iowa. Another is reported lost in the storm of the 11th, near Herron Lake, Jackson county. His team has been found running loose on the prairie nine miles from where he was last seen alive.

Numerous narrow escapes have also come to our knowledge, but we have not space to particularize them.

LAST Saturday morning about twenty minutes past nine o'clock, one and a half miles west of Altoona, as the "Pennsylvania Central Pacific Express," going west, was rounding a curve on the mountain side at a rapid rate, a deep precipice on one side and high impending rocks on the other, a woe lad was seen ahead waving his hat and tossing his little arms aloft. The train was stopped within a few feet of a mass of rock and dirt upon the track sufficient to have thrown passengers, engineer, and cars over the precipice. The lad, whose name is Willie Cahko, not ten years old, had seen the fall and hastened to signal the approaching train. The company cannot do less than provide for the education of this boy, and give him a start in life.

THE Secretary of the Navy has submitted to the House of Representatives all the information in his possession relative to the sinking of the Oneida by the Bombay and the opinion of the Department thereupon. The Secretary concludes that the Oneida was steering the proper course; that the bad seamanship of the officers of the Bombay caused the disaster, and that the latter exhibited a reckless disregard of human life and the common obligations of humanity. This expression of the Department gives us good cause to hope that Capt. Eyre's murder will yet be punished adequately to its enormity.

THE meanest thief in the world has asserted his title to that pre-eminence by breaking open the tomb of the late George Peabody at Salem, Mass., and stealing the silver appurtenances from the coffin. He has been arrested.

PROSPECTS OF GETTYSBURG AS A "WATERING PLACE."

[For the Star and Sentinel.

It is an old saying that you must go to the country in order to get the news of a town or city, and the remark is palpable to that interesting class of news relating to the future prospects of Gettysburg as a Watering Place.

As these prospects depend not upon what the people of Gettysburg may think or devise in the premises but upon the views and intentions of outsiders, it necessarily follows that in order to obtain reliable information you must go abroad to make inquiries. No Gettysburger who has traveled over the country during the last six months can have failed to note the evidence of the estimation in which the "Gettysburg Springs" and Gettysburg as a Watering Place are held by the distant public. As soon as his name is registered in the books of any of the Hotels and the record falls under the observation of the proprietor or his attaches, or of the bystanders, he is assailed by a host of inquiries about our now famous Spring, the Battle-field, the Hotel accommodations, &c., &c. The usual commentary upon the responses made to these inquiries by the interogator, is, that some member of the family, or some of his friends, intends visiting Gettysburg during the ensuing summer. Instead of looking upon the new guest as a verdant from the interior as they do upon others hailing from towns of similar size, hotel keepers and their employees every where even in the large cities look upon and treat the Gettysburger as a sort of lion whose acquaintance and good opinion it is worth while to cultivate.

These facts logically result from the wonderful cures which the water from our Medicinal Spring has effected in every part of the country, where ever it has been carried, and from the prominent part which the Gettysburg Watering Place and its distinguished visitors played in the newspaper world during the last year. Napoleon is reported to have said that fame was not the rational estimate which posterity or his contemporaries place upon a man's deeds, but the noise and hubbub which he creates among his fellowmen. If he was right, and he is admitted to have been an excellent judge, then the Gettysburg Watering Place is now the most famous on this continent; for it has attracted more attention from the newspapers and the gossips—has been more extravagantly praised and abused than any other, or all the other, American Watering Places combined. One of the Lelands, of the Metropolitan and Saratoga Hotels, has expressed the opinion that Gettysburg might even now become the rival of Saratoga if it had the hotels, hotel-men, and the sources of amusement and recreation of the latter place. Another experienced hotel man has remarked that the Gettysburg Watering Place received an addition of twenty years to its life by the military ceremonies and the proceedings of which it was the scene during the last summer. These are the intelligent expositions of public opinion on this subject.

All this and much more we may hear about the Gettysburg Watering Place, away from home or abroad. It is only in Gettysburg itself that we hear nothing of these things, but of discouragement instead. So long accustomed to insolation and obscurity, our citizens find it difficult to realize that their soil has not only become historic but invested with a degree of current interest which must make it a place of resort not alone for the tourist and military student, but for the health and pleasure seeker. The army of croakers is especially numerous in our little "burg." A favorite theme with them is the alleged failure of the Gettysburg Springs Hotel to realize financially the expectations of its builders. And yet a very little reflection will show the utter fallacy of this conclusion.

An examination of the books of this hotel and of those of other hotels of summer resorts, will show that the former received perhaps more than the average patronage. Such an examination of the books of our "Springs Hotel" will also show that a sufficient number of guests entered their names to have filled every room in the house during the last season had they remained. While many of these would not have remained over a few days under any circumstances, it is demonstrable that the larger number of those who left after such a brief sojourn did so because of the discomforts to which they were subjected, and the total deprivation of the amusements and recreations to which spring goers are accustomed. During the first four weeks the whole supply of water for the hotel was carted in barrels. The ordinary drinking water was little less than nauseating, while there was no soft or washing water during the whole season. There were no common water baths, which are found in every first class house in the country, and the use of which has come to be almost a necessity to all who frequent summer resorts. There were no bowling or billiard saloons—no conveniences for Pic nic ing or fishing excursions, which do much to attract and retain visitors at other watering places. In addition to these wants there was a positive nuisance in the vicinity of the hotel, which drove away many of the guests towards the close of the season. Considering these facts, and the late period at which the hotel was opened, and the previous uncertainty as to its being opened during the season, and the "Springs Hotel" must be pronounced by every fair and intelligent observer not only not a failure, but a brilliant success.

But notwithstanding these flattering prospects of the Gettysburg watering place, it is not to be disputed and should not be disguised, that they are in imminent danger of being blighted from a continuance of the causes which prevented the entire and unprecedented success of the Springs Hotel last season. The majority of the guests who submitted to the annoyance and discomforts to which they were subjected, and remained for any considerable period of time, were fascinated by the beauty of the hotel and its surroundings, or were greatly benefited by its medicated waters. But it is not well to repeat the experiment upon the susceptibility of this class of visitors. The wants to which I refer must be supplied; the nuisance to which I have alluded must be abated; or the predictions of the croakers will be fulfilled, and the Springs Hotel must in the end prove a failure. To supply what is required—to do what is needed—calls for a further expenditure of money, and that expenditure is absolutely necessary to make the whole a paying investment. A few noble men have by their expenditures of money, efforts and sacrifices, endeavored to lift Gettysburg from the slough despond in which she has wallowed for long years and to place her on a higher plain of social life and prosperity. These men have been partially successful. The question arises, shall they be aided by the balance of their fellow citizens? This question may perhaps be more satisfactorily decided by considering the consequences of the success or failure of this Hotel. The success or failure of the Springs Hotel involves the success or failure of the watering place. A great watering place is but another name for the summer residence of a community, constituted precisely as are all other communities. It takes all sorts of people to make a watering place as well as a world, and there must be hotels and boarding houses to accommodate all these various classes. No such a social phenomenon as a watering place without first class Hotels is represented on the globe, or at least on that portion of it occupied by civilized men, nor is there any without hotel accommodations adapted to all classes. First class are as essential as second class hotels, and both are necessary. Some of the Gettysburg hotel keepers, comprehending this, have contributed to the erection of the Springs Hotel; but all the others, and the boarding house keepers, must be made to see it. And why not the merchant, mechanic and common laborer, whose business and profits are to be increased by the perception and recognition of this fact. The property holders of Gettysburg and vicinity will especially sin against light and knowledge if they fail to make the same discovery. The man who fails to make what might be realized by trifling investment and effort, is as unfortunate as the man who loses a portion of what he has made.

Assuming this, which is one of Franklin's maxims, and the losses of the property holders of Gettysburg and vicinity consequent upon the failure of the Springs Hotel and of our watering place, may be computed by the gains of the original proprietors in and around the town of Saratoga, of New Port, Long Branch, Cape May, &c., &c., consequent upon the successful development of these wateriging places. Even the most inveterate croakers acquainted with the statistics to which I have referred will admit that this would be paying rather dear for their whistle.

Let the croakers therefore cease their dismal chant; let the despondent take hope and heart; let the men of action be up and doing. If mistakes have been committed, let them be repaired and avoided in the future. If unfomalities have occurred, they may be rectified by legislation. In short, there is nothing which may not be done where there is a will, and where such immense interests are at stake.

A CITIZEN.

FROM EUROPE.

PARIS, April 2.—The strike among the iron operatives at La Creuzot continues. Yesterday the strikers became riotous, and made every effort to provoke a collision with the troops stationed there to preserve order. The rioters attacked and pelted them with stones, and only the forbearance of the officers prevented a conflict.

The journals of this evening publish telegrams from La Creuzot, affirming that the troubles there are kept alive by contributions of money, &c., from other countries.

PARIS, April 3.—A Parliamentary crisis is at hand. The Emperor desires to submit a new order of things to the vote of the people, and the Ministers are not willing to permit a discussion of the *Senatus Consultum* by the Corps Legislatif. Nothing definite on these points is known, but declarations from the Cabinet are expected to be made at the opening of the Chambers to-morrow. It is reported that Ollivier, Prime Minister, will ask for a vote of confidence, and if this is refused he will resign.

PARIS, April 4—3.30 P. M.—It is now tolerably certain that the solution of the question for the submission of the order of things to the vote of the people will be deferred for a time. The misunderstanding between the Chambers on this subject will therefore be avoided.

The strike at La Creuzot continues. No collision has yet occurred between the rioters and the troops.

LONDON, April 5.—A despatch from Rome reports that the Pope wishes to promulgate the first *schema* at Easter, so that the second *schema*—that on infallibility—may be discussed immediately after the holidays.

PARIS, April 5.—In the Corps Legislatif to day it was announced that the Government had decided to make an appeal to the people on the question of the new Constitution.

The Corps Legislatif had a stormy session. Jules Favre made a violent attack on the Senatus Consultum, which would add greatly to the personal power, he said.

PARIS, April 6.—The *Constitutional* states that the *Plebescitum* will bear on two points not contained in the Constitution acts of 1852, viz: Ministerial responsibility, and a division of legislative power between the two Chambers. It adds that it is evident that the *Plebescitum* must preclude the discussion of the new Constitution, and that proclamation is expected from the Emperor which will explain the real character of the national vote.

After an exciting debate, the Corps Legislatif to day adopted the order of the day moved by M. Thiers, declaring confidence in the Ministry was adopted by a vote 237 to 43. The Chamber then adjourned, amid intense agitation.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—The Maryland Classis of the Reformed Church, will meet in Westminster in the latter part of May next.—Lou a R., aged 11 years, daughter of John A. Bull, was killed by drinking oil of vitriol on the 15th ult. She was at work in Derries' paper mill, near Mariotville, and resin taking that she was thirsty, turned from her work to obtain a drink of water. The fumbler that she took up unfortunately contained vitriol, of while she swallowed about a mouthful before discovering her mistake. Everything possible was done for her, but without effect, as death came to her relief after suffering for fifteen hours.—The large mansion of James Sykes, in Sikesville, took fire on the 30th ult., and was entirely destroyed, with all the furniture, wearing apparel, &c. Mr. Sykes was in bed when the fire broke out. The rector of the parish, Rev. Dr. Piggot, who boarded in the house, was at church with the members of the family, and lost all his sermons, papers, &c.

CUMBERLAND.—Christian Jacoby has been appointed Postmaster at Kernsville, vice Wm. B. Brandon resigned.—John Myers, colored, was arrested in Carlisle last week for assault on a white lady with intent to ravish, near her residence. Her screams brought assistance from her brother, who gave the alarm, and captured the negro.—The stable of Dr. G. S. Searight, Carlisle, was destroyed by fire on Saturday morning.—Hon. John Stuart, formerly Associate Judge of Cumberland county, died at his residence in South Middleton township, on the 28th ult., aged 75 years.—The store of Isaac Clugston, in Doylesburg, was robbed last week of $600 to $800 in goods, together with the contents of the Post office.

FRANKLIN.—J. H. Grason has been appointed Postmaster at Brown's Mill, vice Hiram Young resigned.

YORK.—John E. Wells has been appointed Postmaster at Wellsville, vice A. Brower resigned.—The barn of Samuel Bechtel, Heidleberg township, was partly blown down during the gale of Sunday week and three valuable horses crushed to death.—A little daughter of Mr. John B. Miller, of Heidelberg township, was badly scalded one day last week, by running against another little sister, who was carrying a tin of hot water.—At a sale of the estate of Dr. Koch, in York, on the 25th ult., 100 shares of York County National Bank Stock, were sold at an average of $30.50; and 30 shares of York National Bank Stock brought $35.07½.—The large bank Barn of Martin Eichelberger, Heidleberg township, was destroyed by fire on Friday last, with a large quantity of grain and hay, and some farming implements. The stock was saved by Mrs. E. Her husband was in Hanover when the fire was discovered. She at once ran to the barn and let all the horses and cattle loose. The hay and grain was fully insured, and an insurance of $800 on the building.—Rev. G. P. Weaver has accepted a call to the Wrightsville Lutheran Church.

THE War Department has ordered the discontinuance of the use of purple and other colored inks in writing official papers. Purple ink, which is very generally used by the public, is reported to be liable to fade into illegibility in a few years, and in several of the Government offices in this city where the clerks used this ink it has been deemed advisable to order all books and papers on which it was used to be re-copied.

Special Notices.

LIFE IS THE GIFT OF GOD.

When we are sick this life is obscured, under a cloud, oppressed with humors. Experience has taught us certain means, which never fail for their removal. The child receives with his life the seeds of his death. It may take one, or one hundred years, before the seeds bear their sad fruit, but just as sure as the seeds of death ripen, life ceases. Purging is the grand safeguard, because then what fosters the seeds of death are taken away, expelled from the body.

GOVERN YOURSELVES BY EXPERIENCE.

My child, aged five years, had scarlet fever, and for five days had constant fever. By order of the doctor I gave her syrup of rhubarb; she took nearly a pint, but her bowels continued closed. On the fifth day the doctor said her bowels must be opened or she would be lost. I proposed Brandreth's Pills; to this he would not consent—saying she was too weak. I consulted with my husband, and we concluded to give her three pills. In about four hours they operated, filling half full a common chamber. After that operation the fever left her, and she rapidly recovered.—REFORMER, 206 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn.

April 1, 1870-1m

"TO OWNERS of HORSES & CATTLE."

TOBIAS' DERBY CONDITION POWDERS ARE warranted superior to any others, or no pay, for the cure of Distemper, Worms, Bots, Coughs, Hide-Bound, Colds, &c., in Horses, and Colds, Coughs, Loss of Milk, Black-Tongue, Horn Distemper, &c., in Cattle. These "Powders" were formerly put up by Simpson & Tobias, son of Dr. Tobias, and since his death the demand has been so great that Dr. Tobias has continued to manufacture them. They are perfectly safe and innocent; no need of stopping the working of your animals. They increase the appetite, give a fine coat, cleanse the stomach and air organs, and increase the milk of cows. Try them, and you will never be without them. Col. Philo P. Bush of the "Jerome Park Race Course," Fordham, N. Y., would not use them until he was told of what they were composed, since which time he is never without them. He has over twenty running horses in his charge, and for the last three years has used no other medicine. Sold by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States. Price, 25 cents per Box. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

April 1, 1870—1m

MADNESS! PARALYSIS! DEATH!

may ensue from using preparations for coloring the hair charged with acetate of lead and sulphur. You may know them by the heavy metallic sediment which has to be shaken up before the disguising compound can be applied. The "Journal of Chemistry" says there are *thirty of them in the market*. There is but *one dye* in existence which contains no deleterious substance, and that is

CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE,

which has been carefully analyzed by Professor Chilton, and declared by him to contain no lead or any other hurtful ingredient. See his manuscript certificate, at Cristadoro's, 6 Astor House, New York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR PRESERVATIVE, as a dressing, acts like a charm on the Hair after Dyeing. Try it.

[April 1, 1870—1m

GRAY HAIR

Restored to its Original Youthful Color

By the use of that Scientific Discovery, called

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

It will make *Hair grow* upon bald heads, except in very aged persons, as it furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported.

It will prevent the hair from falling out, and does not stain the skin.

No better evidence of its superiority need be adduced than the fact that so many imitations of it are offered to the public.

IT IS A SPLENDID HAIR-DRESSING!

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & Co., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

April 1, 1870—1m

$2,000 A YEAR AND EXPENSES

To agents to sell the celebrated WILSON SEWING MACHINE. The best machine in the world. *Stitch alike on both sides.* Our Machine without Doubt. For further particulars address J. M. Sch Bt., Philad'a, Pa.

April 1, 1870—3m

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS,

For Store Fronts Asylums &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Walking for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Ornamental Iron Wire Cloth; Sieves Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wire for Windows, &c.; Paper-makers' Wires Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Information by addressing the manufacturers, M. WALKER & SONS No. 11 North Sixth st., Phila. (Feb. 11, 1870.)y

TO THE LADIES!

There can be nothing that will please the ladies better than a good article, which is warranted in every family for every day's use. Such an article is KEYES' GENUINE AMERICAN TALLOW SOAP, recommended for the following purposes: *For General Household Use. For the Toilet. For the Laundry. For Chapped Hands, &c.* Sold by all Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

NATHAN PRICE, Sole Agent, No. 319 North Front street, Philadelphia.

Feb 11, 1870—6m

THE

CONFESSIONS OF AN INVALID.

PUBLISHED for the benefit of young men and others who suffer from Nervous Debility, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself; and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Address

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dec. 24, 1869.—6m

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the s

OFFICE OF

SK & HATCH,

S AND DEALERS IN GOV-
NMENT SECURITIES,

ASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,

February 15th, 1870.

ible success which attended our nego
Loans of the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAIL-
and the WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD
the popularity and credit which these
ntained in the markets, both in this
urope, have shown that the First Mort-
wisely located and honorably-managed
promptly recognized and readily taken
itable, safe, and advantageous form of
ding a more liberal income than can
erived from Government Bonds, and
e their place.
in the selection and negotiation of
ad Loans, we are meeting a great
nd rendering a valuable service—both
of Capital and to those great National
al improvement whose intrinsic merit
character entitle them to the use of
confidence of investors—we now of-
confidence and satisfaction the

MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
and Ohio Railroad Company.

e and Ohio Railroad, connecting
nd the magnificent harbors of the
with the Ohio River at a point of re-
, and thus, with the entire Railroad
r transportation of the great West

FORMS THE ADDITIONAL EAST
UKE LINE, to imperatively demand-
modation of the immense and rapid-
portation between the Atlantic sea-
pon the one hand, and the great
of the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys.

TANCE OF THIS ROAD AS A NEW
THE WEST TO THE SEA magnifies
tional consequence, and insures to it
ough traffic from the day of its
le, in the development of the exten-
l and mineral resources of Virginia
nia, it possesses, along its own line
a large and profitable local business.
st interests, both general and local
the completion of the CHESAPEAKE
OHIO to the Ohio River, afford the
e of its success and value, and REN-
MOST IMPORTANT AND SUBSTAN-
AD ENTERPRISE NOW IN PRO-
S COUNTRY.
s as an East and West route, and the
ensive and profitable trade awaiting
have drawn to it the attention and
ightful Capitalist and Railroad
of sound judgment and known in-
nection with it, together with that
ts and business men of Virginia and
TURES AN ENLIGHTENED, HONOR-
UCCESSFUL MANAGEMENT.
mpleted and in operation from Rich-
brated White Sulphur Springs
7 miles, and there remain but 200
ually constructed) to be completed, to
roposed terminus on the Ohio river
mouth of the Big Sandy river, 150
Ilipolis, and 350 miles below Pitts-

projected or in progress through Ohio,
this point, which will connect the
AND OHIO WITH THE ENTIRE
TEMS OF THE WEST AND SOUTH-
TH THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.
nchises and superior advantages
MPHAXES AND OHIO RAILROAD Com-
tichest and most powerful and trust-
ons of the country; AND THERE
EST VALUE, IN COMPLETED
K DONE, EQUAL TO THE ENTIRE
E-MORTGAGE.
he Loan have been arranged with
to the wants of all classes of invest-
the various features of convenience,
ction against loss or fraud.
ties in denominations of

0, $500, and $100,

ued as *Coupon Bonds*, payable to
be held in that form; or
be *registered* in the name of the
coupons remaining payable to bearer
ecipal being then transferable only
e Company, unless reassigned in
by be detailed and cancelled, the
nment *Registered Bond*, transfer-
books of the Company, and the in-
ble only to the registered owner on

se will be known respectively as
BONDS PAYABLE TO BEARER"
ERED BONDS WITH COUPONS AT-
ERED BONDS WITH COUPONS DE-
should be so designated by Corre-
lying the class of Bonds desired.
TY YEARS to run from January
rest at six per cent. per annum
1869. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAY-
CITY OF NEW YORK.
ayable in MAY and NOVEMBER, that
ce of that of the earlier issues of
ull confidence of our friends
Central and Western Pacific Bonds,
able in January and July, and who
aking additional investments, to
t receivable at different seasons of

ured by a mortgage upon the entire
Richmond to the Ohio River, with
d all other property and appurte-
erewith.
d of $10,000 per annum is provided
of the Bonds, to take effect one year
of the Road.
for $18,000,000, of which $2,000,
and held in trust for the redemp-
Bonds of the *Virginia Central*
, now merged in the CHESAPEAKE,

g $12,000,000, a sufficient amount
plete the road to the Ohio river
ve the portion now in operation,
ip the whole for a large and active

e is $6 and 7 accrued interest.
secured, as carefully guarded, and
or to command a permanent place
e securities in the markets, both
d Europe, will be at once appreci-
ourned.
pectfully,

SK & HATCH,

BANKERS.

mend pamphlets containing full
ical details, maps, etc., which will
application.

ent Government Bonds, and re-
of Banks, Bankers, Corporations,
to check at sight, and allow inter-
[Mar. 4, 1870—3mos.

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, April 8, 1870.

☞Application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas for the charter of a Building Association in New Oxford.

SALES.—John G. Frey has purchased from Solomon Zorbaugh, a three-story brick house and lot on Chambersburg street, (one of Warren row,) for $1200.

REMOVED.—Rev. D. M. BLACKWELDER, of the Lutheran church at York Springs, has removed to his new field of labor, Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa.

NEW POLICE.—At a meeting of the Town Council on Monday night, William J. Tate and Michael Crilley were appointed Night Police and Lamp-lighters.

☞J. H. Wert, Esq., has recently put up a new frame back-building at his residence on East York street, below the Lutheran church, and intends to remodle the front building this spring.

ACCIDENT.—Geo. Fleming, of Oxford township, while engaged in cutting with an axe, last Saturday, cut his left hand very badly, severing the hand lengthwise for about three inches.

FAIR.—The Ladies of McSherrystown and vicinity intend to hold a Fair at St. Joseph's Academy on the 18th inst., Easter Monday, the proceeds to be appropriated to the erection of additional buildings at the Academy.

RETURNED.—Our colleague, Hon. EDWARD MCPHERSON, Clerk of the House of Representatives, returned to Washington on Monday. He had been spending a week or ten days with his family, and attending to private business connected with the 1st of April. His health, since his European trip, has been much improved.

☞Mr. William F. Kuhn, Mountpleasant township, who a barn was burnt on the evening of the 28th ult., lost also 2 horses, a colt, 8 head of horned cattle, 3 sheep, threshing machine, winnowing mill, harness, hay, wheat, rye, &c. Loss sold to the ties of the fire. No insurance.

MARE STOLEN.—On Thursday night of last week a light bay Mare was stolen from the stable of Mr. John Stitzell, Huntington township. She is about 15 hands high, 9 years old, with a white star on the forehead, a little white on the hind foot on the near side, a lump on the throat about the size of a shell-bark nut; also sores on the hind foot at the pastern in front of the leg, and on the left front foot, from scratches. Mr. S. offers a reward of $50 dollars for the recovery of the mare.

THE FIRST.—The First of April brought with it its usual bustle, incident to changes of residence, and general settling of accounts. The stormy weather caused a good deal of business to go over, but most of it has now been settled. The anticipated stringency in the money market was not realized. We hear of but few failures to meet engagements, and now that money has commenced to move it is becoming plentier. The pressure on the banks for discounts was not as heavy as usual, and all reasonable demands were promptly met.

NEW OXFORD.—Lieut. James Hersh has taken charge of the "Washington House," New Oxford, lately kept by Mr. I. B. Houser, and will be prepared at all times to entertain his friends and the public generally in first style. He will make a capital landlord.

Mr. Houser goes to Hanover, taking charge of the "Rail Road Hotel," opposite the passenger depot. The good people of Hanover will find out that Mr. H. knows how to run a good Hotel. His friends from this county will be sure to visit him, when business or pleasure calls them to Hanover.

OUR STREETS.—The Turnpike Company is at work on Baltimore street, putting it in repair. Glad to see it. There are some of the other main thorough-fares in bad condition, worse than Baltimore street. Wouldn't it be well for the Town Council to give these thorough-fares some attention, instead of spending all the money on improvements in the outskirts of the town, where there is but little necessity? A little judgment and discrimination on the part of the Borough authorities would save unnecessary expenditures of money, both to the borough and property holders.

FOUND.—Last week one of the missing drawers from Mr. Schick's Safe was found near the York street bridge, in a field on the left of the pike, containing a number of Deeds, Policies of Insurance, and other papers, which had been deposited in the safe. The drawer, instead of being carelessly thrown on the road, had evidently been carefully deposited in the spot where found, as some stones were placed on it to prevent the contents from being scattered. As the burglars are supposed to have left town in hot haste, immediately after the burglary, it is not likely that they had time to examine these papers before reaching the bridge or that they stopped to deposit the drawer so carefully. The inquiry naturally arises, how came the drawer there?

I. O. O. F.—On Tuesday evening last the following gentlemen were installed as officers of Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.: —N. G., Isaac L. Johns; V. G., W. T. King; R. S., James McCreary; A. R. S., Wm. Chrisman; P. S., Wm. C. Stallsmith; T., John Rapp; C., R. D. Armor; R. W., David Troxell; J. W., M. M. Miller; I. R., Andrew Schick; O. S., Wm. P. Atkinson; R. and L. S. to N. G., Charles Ziegler and S. J. Welty; R. and L. S. to V. G., J. R. Bergstresser and D. L. Smith; R. and L. S. S., H. A. Beamer and James Cunningham.

On the evening of the 21st ult., the following officers of "Union Encampment No. 126 I. O. O. F.," were installed by District Deputy J. L. Schick:—C. P., Wm. Chrisman; S. W., Wm. D. Holtzworth; H. P., M. Yeast; J. W., J. J. Myers; G., Charles Ziegler; S., James McCreary; T., Edward Stonebraker; I. G., S. J. Welty; O. G., W. R. H. Deatrick.

CHANGES.—The office of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company has been removed from Hoke's building to Huber's Drug Store, on Baltimore street.

Messrs. Cauffel & Miller have entered into partnership, as Marble Cutters, on corner of Baltimore and Middle streets.

Messrs. Fleming & Co. have opened a new Ready-made Clothing Store on Chambersburg street nearly opposite Buehler's Drug Store.

Mr. Francis Cunningham has removed his Ready-made Clothing Store to the Jacobs building on Chambersburg street, next door to the Keystone House.

Mr. Amos Eckert has removed his Grocery and Confectionary store to Hoke's building, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg street.

Mr. Washington Harris, of Waynesboro, has leased the property of Messrs. Fahnestock, Deagan & O'Neal, (the Vanderslice property) on Baltimore street, and opened a new hotel.

The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company have moved to Spangler's store room, corner of Diamond and Baltimore street.

Mr. Joseph Jacobs, Merchant Tailor, and D. W. Robinson, Agent for the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine, have taken a room on Chambersburg street, near the Diamond.

Messrs. Kelley & Cashman have entered into partnership to carry on the Lime-burning business, at the corner of Stevens and Railroad streets.

ARREST.—Quite a sensation was produced in our unusually quiet town on Tuesday evening by the announcement that Detective Rouzer had arrested one of the burglars concerned in the robbery of Mr. Schick's store, on the 25th ult., and would reach here in the evening train. A large crowd of curious men and boys greeted the arrival of the prisoner at the depot, and escorted him to Justice Cover's office, and thence to the jail. It seems that Detective Rouzer, who had tracked the burglars down the York pike the day after the robbery, concluded to follow up the trail, and after consultation with Mr. Schick took the cars on Friday morning for York. His investigations there led him to believe that the person who some weeks ago negotiated for the purchase of the Methodist Church property in this place, (Smith's corner,) had a hand in the burglary. This person had given his name to Mr. Schick, at the time of the negotiation, as Jacob Charles—claimed to hail from Philadelphia, and professed to have large means. In working up the case Detective Rouzer found that a man answering to Charles' description resided in Petersburg, Lancaster county, whose real name, however, is John Conrad—a person without means, recently from the State Penitentiary, and bearing anything but an enviable reputation. Conrad was finally found at a hotel in Lancaster and arrested. Detective Rouzer had him committed to the Lancaster jail, came back to Gettysburg for the requisite legal papers on Monday noon—leaving again in the next train for Lancaster, and on Tuesday evening returned with his prisoner.

As the prisoner will be tried at April term, we refrain from a publication of the facts of the case. We may, without impropriety, say that the case has an ugly look for the prisoner. Under the assumed name of Charles he came to Gettysburg ostensibly to negotiate for the purchase of the church property—was frequently in Mr. Schick's store and had ample opportunity to examine all the surroundings. In one of the interviews we believe Mr. Schick, deceived by his professions, permitted him to examine the internal arrangements of his safe. Charles called at Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, (some tools from which shop were found in the store after the burglary,) to consult Mr. Chritzman as to the cost of erecting a large building on Smith's corner, &c. The terms for the purchase of the church property were agreed on between Mr. Schick and Charles—the latter leaving and promising to return within a week or two to close the purchase. Mr. Schick never heard from him. It seems, however, that Charles was in Gettysburg again in company with a stranger, some days before the burglary, but did not make himself known to Mr. Schick or any person else.—He was recognized, however, by several citizens, although in apparent disguise, with changed clothing, &c.

We understand further, that Charles, *alias* Conrad, since his visit to Gettysburg, negotiated the purchase of a farm from a Mr. Shilock, merchant in Columbia, agreeing to pay $18,000 and representing himself to be from Brooklyn, N. Y. As with Mr. Schick, he was to call again with Mr. Shilock and close up the purchase, but failed to come to time.

Detective Rouzer deserves much credit for the skill and persistency with which he has thus far worked up the case. If Conrad be guilty of the burglary, the next step will be to ferret out his confederate.

A CURIOSITY.—Mr. JACOB MARTIN, of New Oxford, sends us a Hen Egg, which is quite a curiosity. It was laid by a common hen, and is of ordinary shape, but unusually large, weighing 3½ ounces, and measuring 7½ inches by 9½ in circumference. On breaking the side of the shell, there are distinctly visible a second egg, shell and all complete, and two distinct yolks. The egg is now in our possession and can be examined by the curious.

OPENED OUT.—PICKING & Co. have opened a new Ready-made Clothing Store on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite Buehler's Drug Store, in Herbst's three-story building. The new Store room has been neatly fitted up, and supplied with a well selected stock of all kinds of goods for boys and men's wear, which they propose to sell at the very lowest living prices, and to which they invite the attention of their old friends and the public generally. See adv. it

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.—Prof. Peter Bentz, of York, writes to us that he expects to be in Gettysburg next week, and will be prepared to tune Pianos, Organs, &c. He is also prepared to furnish the most approved Pianos, Cabinet Organs and Musical Instruments generally, at reasonable terms—all guaranteed. He will bring with him some fine toned Organs of Wood & Co's, make, which are said to surpass any thing now in market. Orders left at this office or at the Eagle Hotel will be attended to.

H. B. WOODS, at the corner of York Street and the Diamond, is really selling off his entire stock of Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes, &c., at very low prices. He intends to quit business and offers many bargains. The rush for cheap goods, Hats and Shoes, has certainly been to Woods' Store, since he commenced selling off. April 8-4t.

JUST RECEIVED.—A new and large assortment of Queensware, Glassware, Groceries of all kinds, and notions generally, has just been received from the cities by Mr. J. W. Crause, and is now being opened at "Smith's Corner," on the diamond, to which he invites the attention of his friends and the public generally. The goods have all been selected with care, have been purchased in a falling market, and he is prepared to sell at the lowest cash rates. Call and examine. It

☞Sore Throat, Cough, Cold, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious pulmonary affections, oftentimes incurable. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" reach directly the seat of the disease, and give almost instant relief. They have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine. It

WILD CHERRY BALSAM.—The memory of Dr. Wistar is embalmed in the hearts of thousands whom his *Balsam of Wild Cherry* has cured of coughs, colds, consumption, or some other form of Pulmonary disease. It is now over forty years since this preparation was brought before the public, and yet the demand for it is constantly increasing. It

☞Don't be humbugged with the foolish idea, that Catarrh cannot be cured! The world moves, and medical science is progressing. The proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will pay $500 reward for a case of Catarrh which he cannot cure. Sold by druggists at fifty cents, and each package makes a full pint of the medicine ready for use. Can get it by mail for Sixty Cents from Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. It

NEW ALBUM.—Messrs. Tipton & Myers have purchased the right of Adams county for the sale of Barnaby & Willard's Patent Reviving Albums—the neatest, cheapest and most durable Albums made. Store keepers and others supplied.

March 4—tf

☞Hamlin's celebrated Wizard Oil, for rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, toothache, &c., for sale by A. D. Buehler Druggist, Gettysburg. tf

☞Enlarged New York and Philadelphia Physicians claim, that Dykers' Hair Restorer actually cures Dances. It is so advertised in this issue. 1mo

BOOK NOTICES.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for April has a crowded picture of spring-time, a colored fashion plate, a sheet of embroideries, a large plate of costumes, music, specimens of dressing the hair, architectural and other illustrations. There are stories by Marion Harland, Annie Frost, John Churchill, Tamar Kermore, Maurice Lynde, Helen Maxwell and others. The work department, receipts, table and arm chair, are admirable and useful—as they always are.

THE LADY'S FRIEND FOR APRIL.—The April number of this popular magazine comes to us with the freshness and life of Spring. In the steel plate "On Guard," the alert watchfulness of the dog contrasts finely with the repose of the sleeping boy. The Colored Fashion Plate is gay and graceful as usual; and the profusion and variety of illustrations of articles of feminine use and adornment give the ladies every opportunity to know how to dress well. Those who like to make for themselves will find assistance in the work table department. Music, "Tapping at the Gate." The stories are very good.

THE RIVERSIDE MAGAZINE.—The April number has great variety. Foremost among the brilliants is another chapter of Porte Crayon's humorous story of the Young Virginians. The story of Bjarni Gunlolfson is in the vein of Christian Andersen, and relates to the Norse settlement of Cape Cod. Vieux Moustache continues his story of the Captain's Legacy. The most solid article is a description of Berlin markets. The number contains greater variety than usual, and agrees completely with the merits that have rendered the Magazine popular.

EVERY SATURDAY, No. 15, contains the first instalment of Mr. Dicken's new Story, "THE MYSTERY OF EDWIN DROOD." This is published from *advance* sheets, by special arrangement with Mr. Dickens, and appears simultaneously with its publication in England. It is accompanied by the illustrations drawn for the English edition by Mr. Fildes, under the supervision of Mr. Dickens himself. Those who desire to read this great story in its earliest and only authorized form in America, can find it in *Every Saturday*. This number of *Every Saturday* is rendered additionally attractive by an excellent new portrait of Mr. Dickens, and views of his residence at Gad's Hill Place. A supplement is issued with the number entitled "Mr. Pickwick's Reception," drawn expressly for this number by Mr. S. Eytinge, Jr. It represents the numerous personages of Mr. Dicken's novels passing before Mr. Pickwick, to whom they are pointed out by the trusty Sam Weller. The admirers of Mr. Dickens will easily recognize their favorites and aversions. Mr. Pecksniff and his daughters, jolly Mark Tapley, Mr. Micawber and the twins, Fagin, the Artful Dodger, the Fat Boy trying to grow fatter, Little Nell and her Grandfather, Dombey, Bob Cratchit with Tiny Tim, and indeed almost the entire roll of characters that throng Mr. Dickens' unequalled stories. FIELDS, OSGOOD & Co., Publishers, Boston.

[For the Star and Sentinel.
PROHIBITION.

Sixty-five citizens of Mountjoy and adjoining townships have signed the following pledge:

"ADAMS COUNTY, PA., March 1870.

In view of the enormous and ruinous evils of the wide-spread traffic in intoxicating drinks, and convinced, as we are, that the public welfare requires the legal prohibition of the said traffic, We, the undersigned, do hereby pledge ourselves, that, as long as the said traffic shall be allowed by the laws of our State, we will not vote for any man for a seat in the State Legislature who is not publicly and explicitly pledged to exert himself to the extent of his abilities in favor of the legal prohibition of the said traffic.

We do hereby agree that this pledge shall be published; and we do hereby respectfully and earnestly request the friends of prohibition in other sections of this County to sign and publish similar pledges."

The following are the names of the signers:

William Young,	Adam Wert,
Michael Piscel,	I. N. Durborow,
Michael Trostle,	Eden Norris,
Jacob Diehl,	R. F. Hagerman,
Wm. Cownover,	Alexander W. Little,
Levi E. Bushman,	Samuel W. Hahn,
John Bushman,	M. B. Miller,
John Young,	Peter Baker,
Emanuel Riddlesell,	Charles W. Gilbert,
John Hornberger,	R. H. Swisher,
John E. Tawney,	L. C. Noel,
John Bobert,	Noah Miller,
John Shonsker,	Joseph Miller,
J. S. Baker,	John Hankey,
James A. M. Smith,	Isaiah R. Hankey,
Isaac W. Hankey,	William D. Hankey,
Silas M. Horner jr.,	Henry Long,
Jacob Hemmelbaugh,	Silas M. Horner,
James E. Swisher,	Pius Richrode,
C. B. Young,	Joseph H. Chambers,
John Musser,	Jacob Swisher,
John Pfeifert,	Charles E. Swisher,
Levi Weikert,	John Trostle,
Emanuel Weikert,	Levi Schwartz,
W. H. Lott,	B. F. Kitzinger,
W. A. Bender,	Abraham Tawney,
John Studisill,	Joseph Spangler,
Newton A. Caney,	Andrew Howard,
Levi Caskey,	Jonathan Howard,
Ferdinand Kath,	Samuel Little,
Basil H. Norris,	John H. Tawney jr.,
Jacob Lott (of A.,)	James Little.

Will the friends of prohibition, in other sections, be pleased to heed the request annexed to the pledge?

ONE OF THE SIGNERS.

[Communicated.

EDITORS STAR AND SENTINEL:—Thinking that you or your readers might not object to read the notes of an idle man on a pleasure trip to the "Conowago Valley," "we," editorially speaking, take therefore the liberty of submitting the following for your consideration.

We left New Oxford a week ago, for Hanover, York and Harrisburg, where we remained a day in that city, visiting Photograph galleries and endeavoring to improve ourselves in that branch of business, but not succeeding we visited the Capitol and other places of resort; but not content we left for Carlisle, spending a few days there, then to Holly and on to Petersburg, and finally back to New Oxford; the best of all places. Here I found considerable changes going on—being the first of April. My old friend Ike Houser has removed from the Washington House to Hanover, and Mr. James Hersh has taken this house, and is about making great changes, having everything new, neat and clean, and here we get the best of accommodations for horse and man. His table and bar cannot be excelled. As James is a very clever man and keeps such a good hotel, I advise the travelling community, like my self, to try him, for it will pay.

In my next I will tell you more about my trip, and the sights I have seen, &c. My small piece of paper is all, so I must conclude for the present, and write you soon again.

Truly,
A TRAVELER.

NEW OXFORD, April 2, 1870.

ATTENTION FARMERS.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber lined Collars, Saddles and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and to heal up under work horses already galled, if properly fitted; and, sore necks and backs are kept clean with cold water and Castile Soap, or no pay. For sale by J. W. Cress, manufacturer's Agent, Gettysburg, Pa. 4mos

FOR RENT.—Intending to remove, on the 1st of April, to North-west corner of Centre square, I offer the Rear Store Room I at present occupy, on York street, opposite Chrisman's Bakery.

☞Read R. G. Oaks's Advertisement and learn where to buy Cooking Stoves, Tin-Ware, &c., at reduced prices. 3m

AGENTS, WANTED.—See advertisement of "Industrial Protector" in this issue. Agents are wanted in every County in the United States, to canvass for subscribers for the Industrial Protector. The largest, handsomest and best paper published in the State. Very liberal commission paid. Active men can make from five to twenty dollars per day—Specimen copies sent free. Address PUBLISHER INDUSTRIAL PROTECTOR, 138 South EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia April 8—2t

PEACH TREES.—A choice lot of Peach trees, two years old, and of the best quality, will be sold in New Salem, at Public Auction on Saturday the 16th inst.; and in Gettysburg on Tuesday and Wednesday the 19th and 20th. Farmers and others wishing to purchase good trees should attend. It
H. P. BIGHAM, Adm'r.
April 8, 1870—6t

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale his LOT and DWELLING, in Gettysburg, east of Pennsylvania College, adjoining property of Professor Krauth—a TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING recently built and in first-rate order, with a one-story Back-building, Lot 60x 20 feet. Immediate possession given. It will be sold on reasonable terms. For terms apply to GEORGE E. RIDDLEBERGER.
April 8, 1870—2m

Notice to Trespassers.

THE Executors of the last will of THEODORUS STEVENS, deceased, have under a conditional Lease of "Caledonia Furnace," and the lands belonging to it, to Mr. JOHN SWEENY, and all persons are hereby warned against Cutting Timber on said lands, without the direction of Mr. Sweeny, or in any wise trespassing on the property, under the penalties of immediate prosecution.
EDWARD MCPHERSON,
One of Executors of T. Stevens.
April 8, 1870—3t

AGENTS WANTED

IN every County in the United States, to Canvass for subscribers for the

Industrial Protector.

The largest, handsomest and best paper published in the State. Very liberal commission paid. Active men can make from five to twenty dollars per day—Specimen copies sent free.
Address PUBLISHER INDUSTRIAL PROTECTOR, 138 South EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia
April 8—2t

JACOB REILEY. DANIEL CASHMAN.

NEW FIRM.

COAL & LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, and under the firm of KELLEY & CASHMAN will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand—the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of Railroad and Stratton streets. Farmers and others can rely on getting the best of Lime at all times, and at lowest market rates.

☞Also constantly on hand Stone and Sand for Mason work.

COAL,

at lowest prices.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
JACOB REILEY.
DANIEL CASHMAN.
April 8, 1870—tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,

next door to Eagle Hotel.

Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERY,

made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.

ICE CREAM

served to customers, and *orders for Families or Parties* promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and the same united to please, he invites his friends to give him a call.
April 8, 1870.

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market

Baltimore, Thursday Morning

SUPER FLOUR,	4 75	@	5 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	5 12	@	5 25
WHITE WHEAT,	0 00	@	0 00
RED WHEAT,	1 25	@	1 45
CORN,	1 03	@	1 07
RYE,	95	@	1 05
OATS,	60	@	62
TIMOTHY-SEED,	6 75	@	7 00
CLOVER-SEED,	9 00	@	9 25
FLAX-SEED,	0 00	@	0 00
BACON, SHOULDERS,	11½	@	12½
" SIDES,	15	@	16½
" HAMS,	00	@	00
LARD,	15	@	16

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market

Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,			4 00
EXTRA FLOUR,			4 50
WHITE WHEAT,	1 25	@	1 50
RED WHEAT,			1 10
CORN,			75
RYE,			80
OATS,			45
BUCKWHEAT,			75
TIMOTHY SEED,			4 00
CLOVER SEED,			7 50
POTATOES,	85	@	40
BUTTER,			30
LARD,			16
EGGS,			16
BACON, HAMS,			18
" SIDES,			13
" SHOULDERS,			13
SOAP,	6	@	8
TALLOW,			8

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

8 o'clock, P. M., April 6th, 1870.

U. S. 6's of '81,	113½	114½
" '62,	110	110½
" '64,	109	109½
" '65,	109½	109½
" '65, new,	108	108½
" '67,	109	109½
" '68,	109	109½
" 5's, 10-40's,	106½	106½
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy.	112	112½
Due Comp. Int. Notes,	19	
Gold,	111½	112
Silver,	108	110
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds,	840	850
Central Pacific R. R.	820	830
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds,	730	740

DIED.

BUDDY.—At St. Joseph, Mo., on the 16th ult., Sophia Margaret, infant daughter of Philip and Sophia M. Buddy.

☞On the 29th ult., Mrs. Elizabeth Guldon, wife of Isaac Guldon, at her residence near Salem Church, Adams county, aged 68 years and 10 days. She died in peace. May this dispensation of Providence be a blessing to those who mourn their loss.

HAAS.—On the 28th ult., Mr. Alfred Haas, aged 54 years.

HANER.—On the 19th ult., at Hampton, James Henry, infant son of John F. Haner, aged 8 months and 28 days.

MCGINLEY.—In Gloversville, New York, on the 12th ult., Robert, youngest son of Rev. W. A. and Eliza B. McGinley.

MUDDICOFF.—On the 19th ult., near Shippensburg, Mrs. Ann E. Wallace, wife of Gen. D. Middlecoff, formerly of Gettysburg, aged 69 years, 7 months and 16 days.

STRASBURGER.—On the 16th ult., near New Oxford, Charles, infant son of Joseph Strasburgh, aged 3 months.

WAYBRIGHT.—On the 3d inst., George Waybright, of Cumberland township, adjoining Hanover, aged 101 years, 7 months and 21 days. The deceased was born in the county of Derry, Ireland in 1768, and emigrated to this country in 1818.

WAMPLER.—On the 1st inst., Willis Shoemaker, infant son of S. E. and M. M. Wampler, of York Springs, aged 5 weeks.

JOHN PICKING. F. B. PICKING.

OPENED OUT AGAIN!

Ready-made Clothing,

HATS, CAPS, NOTIONS, &C.

THE undersigned, doing business under the firm of PICKING & CO., have opened out a new Store Room in the large three-story Brick building on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite Buehler's Drug Store, and invite their friends to give them a call. We have laid in an entirely

NEW STOCK OF GOODS,

selected with care, of the very best make and latest styles, comprising

READY MADE CLOTHING, COATS, PANTS, VESTS of DOESKIN, WOOLEN SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SUSPENDERS, NECKTIES, GRAVATS, HALF CAPS, AND NOTIONS & KINDRED VARIETY

—all of which have been bought in a falling market, and will be sold at astonishingly low rates.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

of latest styles and best make, which we are selling cheap at cash, or short time. Call and examine our stock.

PICKING & CO.
PICKING.
April 6, 1870—tf

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of GEORGE WATERHOT, deceased, late of Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JACOB WEIKERT, Adm'r.
April 8, 1870—6t

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale his LOT and DWELLING, in Gettysburg, east of Pennsylvania College, adjoining property of Professor KRAUTH—a TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING recently built and in first-rate order, with a one-story Back-building, Lot 60x 20 feet. Immediate possession given. It will be sold on reasonable terms. For terms apply to GEORGE E. RIDDLEBERGER.
April 8, 1870—2m

Notice to Trespassers.

THE Executors of the last will of THEODORUS STEVENS, deceased, have under a conditional Lease of "Caledonia Furnace," and the lands belonging to it, to Mr. JOHN SWEENY, and all persons are hereby warned against Cutting Timber on said lands, without the direction of Mr. Sweeny, or in any wise trespassing on the property, under the penalties of immediate prosecution.
EDWARD MCPHERSON,
One of Executors of T. Stevens.
April 8, 1870—3t

AGENTS WANTED

IN every County in the United States, to Canvass for subscribers for the

Industrial Protector.

The largest, handsomest and best paper published in the State. Very liberal commission paid. Active men can make from five to twenty dollars per day—Specimen copies sent free.
Address PUBLISHER INDUSTRIAL PROTECTOR, 138 South EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia
April 8—2t

JACOB REILEY. DANIEL CASHMAN.

NEW FIRM.

COAL & LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, and under the firm of KELLEY & CASHMAN will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand—the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of Railroad and Stratton streets. Farmers and others can rely on getting the best of Lime at all times, and at lowest market rates.

☞Also constantly on hand Stone and Sand for Mason work.

COAL,

at lowest prices.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
JACOB REILEY.
DANIEL CASHMAN.
April 8, 1870—tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,

next door to Eagle Hotel.

Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERY,

made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.

ICE CREAM

served to customers, and *orders for Families or Parties* promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and the same united to please, he invites his friends to give him a call.
April 8, 1870—tf

Notice to Trespassers.

THE Executors of the last will of THEODORUS STEVENS, deceased, have under a conditional Lease of "Caledonia Furnace," and the lands belonging to it, to Mr. JOHN SWEENY, and all persons are hereby warned against Cutting Timber on said lands, without the direction of Mr. Sweeny, or in any wise trespassing on the property, under the penalties of immediate prosecution.
EDWARD MCPHERSON,
One of Executors of T. Stevens.
April 8, 1870—3t

AGENTS WANTED

IN every County in the United States, to Canvass for subscribers for the

Industrial Protector.

The largest, handsomest and best paper published in the State. Very liberal commission paid. Active men can make from five to twenty dollars per day—Specimen copies sent free.
Address PUBLISHER INDUSTRIAL PROTECTOR, 138 South EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia
April 8—2t

JACOB REILEY. DANIEL CASHMAN.

NEW FIRM.

COAL & LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, and under the firm of KELLEY & CASHMAN will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand—the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of Railroad and Stratton streets. Farmers and others can rely on getting the best of Lime at all times, and at lowest market rates.

☞Also constantly on hand Stone and Sand for Mason work.

COAL,

at lowest prices.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
JACOB REILEY.
DANIEL CASHMAN.
April 8, 1870—tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,

next door to Eagle Hotel.

Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERY,

made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.

ICE CREAM

served to customers, and *orders for Families or Parties* promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and the same united to please, he invites his friends to give him a call.
April 8, 1870—tf

Notice to Trespassers.

THE Executors of the last will of THEODORUS STEVENS, deceased, have under a conditional Lease of "Caledonia Furnace," and the lands belonging to it, to Mr. JOHN SWEENY, and all persons are hereby warned against Cutting Timber on said lands, without the direction of Mr. Sweeny, or in any wise trespassing on the property, under the penalties of immediate prosecution.
EDWARD MCPHERSON,
One of Executors of T. Stevens.
April 8, 1870—3t

AGENTS WANTED

IN every County in the United States, to Canvass for subscribers for the

Industrial Protector.

The largest, handsomest and best paper published in the State. Very liberal commission paid. Active men can make from five to twenty dollars per day—Specimen copies sent free.
Address PUBLISHER INDUSTRIAL PROTECTOR, 138 South EIGHTH Street, Philadelphia
April 8—2t

JACOB REILEY. DANIEL CASHMAN.

NEW FIRM.

COAL & LIME!

THE undersigned have entered into partnership, and under the firm of KELLEY & CASHMAN will carry on the

Lime Burning Business,

at the old stand—the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of Railroad and Stratton streets. Farmers and others can rely on getting the

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, April 8, 1870.

HOW SHALL WE KEEP OUR POWLS?

This is a question which concerns thousands at this season. A supply of fresh eggs is a great addition to our kitchen economy, and a most agreeable one to our table. Fresh eggs for breakfast all the year round is decidedly Utopian. In the first place we must provide light and air. Windows are absolutely necessary on the south side of the henroost, so that the winter's sun can be made available for warmth. All the scraps of soap greese of the kitchen can be returned to us in the shape of fresh eggs, and will greatly lessen the expense of feeding the hens. They must have animal food. When the ground is open and worms abundant, they are as well supplied as though they dined on roast beef and mutton; but in the winter it must be given to them. All the bones left from the table, the bits of fat, the scrapings of the plates, etc., should be treasured for their use. Keep an old kettle on the back of the stove, turn all the slops into it, even coffee-grounds, and when well heated, feed it. At noontime it can be given smoking hot and quite watery—the warm drink helps to supply the carbon they need. Where beef's liver can be cheaply obtained it makes excellent food; chop it fine and they will eat it greedily. Keep a box filled with gravel, old plaster, slacked lime or oyster shells—even hard coal ashes will not come amiss—for hens must have food needful to form egg shells, else they will drop them shelless.

For grain—we think a mixture is the most profitable. Sweepings from the grist mill do very well—oats, corn and rye ground together coarsely make a good feed. Hens desire variety—will not lay eggs on one kind of nourishment.

When oil cake and scrape-cake can be purchased, they are the most desirable food. They come in solid mass and are not wasted. Bone is excellent to go with the scrape. To this diet add coarse corn hominy, and you will never complain that hens are not worth their feed.

Cleanliness is all important—the hen house should be whitewashed with hot lime, spring and fall, and the poles on which they roost should be covered with kerosene oil every month or two. These precautions are necessary to destroy the insects which will breed in such places. Pure warm water in iron basins, should be given every morning but not allowed to freeze. If the chickens are sick give them soap pills made of yellow bar soap; this acts like a cathartic. If chilled, give pepper corns—two of them if the chickens are large—or hot milk and pepper can be turned down the neck with a teaspoon.

A hen increases in the amount of eggs she lays until four years old; then she is only fit for chicken broth.

We would not enter into a discussion upon the merits of different breeds, nor would we pay twelve dollars a pair for "novelties." The white Leghorns are our favorites; their eggs are large, their chickens grow rapidly, and their flesh is tender and of a delicious flavor.

The Brahmah Pootras or Brahmah Prims, as a good farmer in our neighborhood will call them, are good sized fowls and produce fine coffee colored eggs, but they are a greater delight in the purely white eggs, and think that what the chicken gains in size it looses in delicacy of flavor. They have mixed with our Leghorns and formed a mongrel breed which seems to promise well. We have forty-five chickens ready for dripping pan or pie, which have sprung from different breeds and are of good size. It is more profitable to keep a dozen hens than one pig—the outlay is much less, the income much greater; and the pleasure you take in the former is inexhaustible. What pride we take in sending a dozen fresh eggs to our kind neighbors in the depth of winter. What a relish they give to every meal. Try it friend, and see how cheaply pleasure can be purchased.—*Hearth and Home.*

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert McCurdy
Prothonotary—Jacob Malhorn.
Register and Recorder—Samuel Swope.
Clerk of the Courts—H. G. Wolf.
District Attorney—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—W. J. Martin.
Sheriff—Jacob Kinsk.
Coroner—Dr. M. L. Gates.
Surveyor—Jesse D. Keller.
Commissioners—Jacob Lott, Moses Hartman, Emanuel Neiding. *Clerk*—J. Jefferson Myers. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Directors of the Poor—Martin Gets, Benjamin Deardorff, L. Swartz, Steward—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. A. Picking. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—J. C. Neely. *Physician*—J. W. C. O'Neal.
Auditors—Martin E. Bollinger, Milt. G. Reese, David Rhodes.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

Burgess—C. H. Buehler.
Council—W. S. Hamilton, Alexander Spangler, Jacob W. Gross, Robert Tate, A. M. Hunter, Wm. F. Baker.
Clerk—F. B. Dysbors. *Treasurer*—S. H. Russel.
Constables—George W. Weikert, James Houser.
School Directors—Wm. Goins, W. F. King, Hiram Warren, Wm. A. Syster, Jacob Anghinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—A. M. Hunter. *Treasurer*—E. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

President—George Swope.
Cashier—J. Emory Bair.
Teller—Henry S. Benner.
Directors—George Swope, William Young, Harry Wirt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Himes, Joshua Motter, John Waugh.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

President—George Throne.
Cashier—George Arnold.
Teller—Samuel Stephens.
Directors—George Throne, Robt. Ball, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, John Musselman, John Wolford.

STATE CABIN GENERAL.

President—J. L. Schick.
Secretary—William S. Meals.
Treasurer—Alexander Cobean.
Managers—John Rupp, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner George Spangler, George Little, William S. Meals Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel S. Russell.
Secretary—David A. Buehler.
Treasurer—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Henry A Picking, Jacob Krig.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President—Samuel Russell.
Vice Presidents—Ephraim Myers, J. B. Witherow.
Recording Secretary—Henry J. Stable.
Corresponding Secretary—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Treasurer—David Wills.
Managers—William A. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Rouzahn, Frederick Diehl, W. Ross White.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

President—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Vice President—William A. Duncan.
Secretary—John F. McCreary.
Treasurer—John D. Gilt.
Managers—A. D. Buehler, M. Richenberger, E. D. Watts, S. S. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner

WATER COMPANY.

President—George W. McClellan.
Secretary and Treasurer—Samuel R. Russell.
Managers—G. W. McClellan, S. S. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. J. Stable, H. Richenberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

Superintendent—Robert McCurdy.
Secretary and Treasurer—David Wills.

	First.	Second.
Trains depart	8.45 A. M.	2.40 P. M.
" arrive	12.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.

The first train makes close connection for Harrisburg and Eastern and Western points, the second train with Baltimore.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
Union Encampment, No. 136, I. O. O. F.—In Odd Fellow's Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 186, I. O. R. M.—Meets at Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday each month.
Gen. Reynolds Lodge, No. 190, I. O. G. T.—On Baltimore street, every Monday evening.
Adah Temple, No. 51, I. O. G. R.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
Post No. 9, G. A. R.—North East corner of Diamond every Saturday evening.

CHURCHES.

Lutheran (Christ's)—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D.—Services every Sabbath morning and evening and alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday morning services only.
Lutheran, (St. James')—Rev. H. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening, Pre-Communion.
Methodist Episcopal—Revs. H. C. Cheston, J. B. Shaffer. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
Presbyterian—Rev. Wm. R. Hills. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
German Reformed—Rev. W. F. S. Daniels. Services Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.
Catholic—Rev. Joseph Bell. Services 1st and 3d Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.
United Presbyterian—Rev. J. Jamieson.—Service by epoch Independents.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

JUST THE PLACE.

TO GET

CHEAP

Boots and Shoes!

I WILL SELL

MY ENTIRE STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

COST!

CALL AND BE CONVINCED

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS!

DON'T MISTAKE THE PLACE,

ON BALTIMORE STREET,

Nearly opposite the COMPILER Office, Gettysburg.

Jan. 21, 1870.—tf D. H. KLINGEL.

WHERE? WHERE!

WHERE?

DID YOU BUY THAT

NICE NEW SUIT!

WHY, AT

S. WOLF'S

CLOTHING STORE,

in the Diamond, Cor. of the Square,

TOWN OF GETTYSBURG, COUNTY OF ADAMS, AND STATE OF PENN'A.

THAT'S THE PLACE,

the very place, for

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

in everything—Over Coats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Undershirts, White Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves, Comforts, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Perfumery, Clothes Brushes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valises, Umbrellas, and ten thousand other articles, all too numerous to insert.

Call, examine, be convinced, buy, and be glad. Highest market prices paid for all kinds of FURS.

Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

JOSEPH JACOBS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.

THE undersigned, of the late firm of Geo. Jacobs & Bro., would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Merchant Tailoring establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to the old place, and three doors east of the Keystone House, where he will be happy to wait on all who may patronize him. His stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS &c., &c., &c.,

will be found choice and cheap—very desirable to select from. All kinds of Goods for sale—whether he manufactures or not.

GOODS MADE UP with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. The very best work will be warranted—good fits and substantial sewing—and nothing will be doomed too much trouble to render satisfaction in every case.

The latest New York Fashions regularly received. Cutting done, as usual.

A share of public patronage is solicited, and no effort spared to deserve it.

April 15.—tf JOSEPH JACOBS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned has erected a new building, or a Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle, near the Railroad Station, in Gettysburg, where he now offers for sale,

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,

of men, women and children, of different styles and prices. He has a Measurement to select from, and will sell every article at the smallest profits.

WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and workmanship. Every effort made to render satisfaction. The patronage of the public is solicited.

Call in, and select from his stock or leave your measure. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.

July 17, 1868.—1y JOHN M. ERLING.

HAS ARRIVED AT

NORRIS'

HEAD-QUARTERS,

On the S. E. Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

the Largest and Best Stocks of

Fall & Winter Clothing,

THE LATEST STYLES OF

HATS AND CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS AND SHOES,

also a Large Variety of

Woolen Under-Clothing

with a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

And everything found in a Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 1, 1869.—tf

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes.

NEW FIRM!

COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM

HAVE just received from the City a new and large stock of

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

NOTIONS, &c.

The goods have all been selected with great care and with a desire to meet the wants of the community. The public will find the goods to be of the best quality and the

LATEST STYLES.

One and all are invited to call at our Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bros. R. C. COBEAN.

Oct. 22.—tf JAS. CUNNINGHAM.

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

AT F. CUNNINGHAM'S,

OPPOSITE STAR AND SENTINEL OFFICE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

You will always find the best qualities and latest styles of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

OF ALL STYLES AND SIZES. ALSO,

SHIRTS,

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas,

and a great and large variety of

NOTIONS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

all of which will be sold at short profits and warranted to please. Give him a call at his store on Baltimore street, (Fahnestock's old Stand) near the Diamond Sept. 24, 1869.—tf

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER

GOODS

AT ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

TOBIAS R. COVER

HAVING opened a new store, in Arendtsville, has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

Having purchased my entire stock for cash, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

May 28.—6m T. R. COVER.

SELLING OFF!

REGARDLESS OF COST!

TO QUIT BUSINESS!

My Entire Stock of

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HATS, SHOES, &c, &c., &c.

FOR CASH ONLY.

A Rare Chance for Bargains at the corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

April 1, 1870.—tf H. R. WOODS.

NEW

Fall and Winter Goods.

AT PETERSBURG, Y. S., PA.

GRIEST & BOWER

HAVE received their NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS, an excellent assortment, selected with care and will be sold cheap for cash.

Give us a call and examine our Goods.

Oct. 29, 1869.—tf GRIEST & BOWER.

Agents for the Grove & Baker Sewing machine

J. L. SCHICK

has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

that has been brought to Gettysburg this fall, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

Oct. 5, 1869.—tf

$10,000 REWARD!

STORE ENTERED!

Robert & Elliott's Store,

IN GETTYSBURG,

WAS entered last Week and a large quantity of Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware and Carpeting taken.

The pagties are well known, but have thus far escaped arrest, and lay still. Greenbacks in exhange for the Goods.

The persons who took the Goods are very well satisfied that they received more or better Goods for their money than they could have got at any other store.

Come one! Come all!

and examine our large assortment of

SILKS,
GINGHAMS,
LAWNS,
BAREGES,
ALPACCAS, &c.,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
JEANS,
VESTINGS, &c.

Also, Carpets, Notions, Glassware, Queensware, and indeed, a general assortment of everything belonging to a first-class Store.

REMEMBER the place is opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, and that our motto is, Fair Dealing and Small Profits. [April 23, 1869.—1

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just received a full supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS which their friends and the public are invited to examine.

FOR LADIES,

Our Stock consists of French Merinos, Delaines, Empress Cloth, Tamise, Epinglines, Orotone Cloth, Black and Colored Alpacas, Black and Fancy Silks, Plaids and every variety of Dress Goods. Also, Hoop Skirts, Roman Ribbons, Neck Ties, &c., &c., &c.

CLOAKING,

Plain and Fancy, Repellant Cloths, &c.

SHAWLS,

Double and Single Blanket, Broche and Thibet.

FURS,

a large assortment and very cheap.

DOMESTICS,

at lowest rates.

FOR CHILDREN

We have a beautiful variety of Plain and Fancy Goods. Also, a full line of Children's Underskirts and Drawers.

FOR MEN'S WEAR,

a choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Cassinetts Jeans, &c. Also, Shirt Bosoms, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Collars, &c., &c.

STERLING SPOOL COTTON,

equal if not better than any made.

CARPETS,

Ingrain, Venitian, Home-made and Oil

MATTING,

Cocoa and Straw.

HORSE AND LAP BLANKETS,

a full variety.

Also, our usual fine assortment of

HARDWARE,

SADDLERY,

QUEENSWARE,

GLASSWARE,

GROCERIES,

PAINTS,

OIL,

WINDOW GLASS

Give us a call and we can supply you with what you need at lowest rates.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Oct. 29, 1869.—tf

WESTERN

PRE-EMPTION LANDS.

I HAVE ON HAND A FEW

TRACTS

OF No. 1,

second hand, pre-emption Lands located near Roseville, County Towns, &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell, or exchange at a fair price or Real Estate in Adams county, Pa.

Nov. 5, 1869.—tf GEO. ARNOLD.

THE STAR & SENTINEL has a larger circulation than all the papers in the County combined—hence it is the best advertising medium.

Financial.

UNITED STATES

BONDS

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED ON MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD BOUGHT & SOLD

AT MARKET RATES.

COUPONS CASHED.

PACIFIC R. R. BONDS

Bought and Sold.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check.

De Haven & Bro.

NO. 40 SOUTH 3d STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

March 4, 1870.—1y

SAFE AND PROFITABLE

INVESTMENT

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

6 Per Cent. Gold Bonds

AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.

PRINCIPLE AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

THIRTY YEARS TO RUN.

All Taxes paid by the Company.

Persons possessing U. S. Bonds can make, by exchanging, from

$150 to $175 on $1,000,

and get in exchange

GOLD BONDS

bearing the same rate of Interest.

For further information inquire at

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Feb. 18, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds BOUGHT and SOLD.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

COUPONS CASHED OR COLLECTED.

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS, of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed.

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS of all denominations for sale.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS allowed

1 *per cent., viz:*

6 PER CENT. for 1 year,

4 PER CENT. for 6 months,

3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call and we will cheerfully give all information.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov 5, 1869—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
4 " " " " 6 MONTHS,
5 " " " " 3 "

WILL CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of any kind free of charge as Commission, and will allow or pay the HIGHEST PRICE for

GOLD AND SILVER,

and with pleasure transact all business promptly or otherwise pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov 8, 1867—tf

Groceries.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED TO

North-west Corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.,

where I shall be happy to wait upon all my old Customers and all who may favor me with a call.

In addition to my stock of

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, &C.

I have added

QUEENSWARE,
FIRE PROOF
AND GLASS WARE,

all of which I invite the public to call and examine.

AMOS ECKERT.

March 25, 1870—tf

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS

A large lot of Groceries that I am selling Cheap for Cash.

CHOICE LIQUORS,

Old Rye Whisky eight years Old.

Very Old French Brandy.

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS,

A general assortment of BITTERS, among which is Shaler's Herb Bitters.

Pure Liquors for Medical purposes at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

Table Cutlery, Glassware, Queensware, &c., at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

April 30, 1869

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—t.

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JACOB W. CRESS

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED always.

Having purchased for CASH, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

GROCERY.

WM. B. MEALS HAS OPENED A

Grocery, Vegetable and Notion Store

at his residence adjoining Meals & Brother's Marble yard, in

EAST YORK STREET

where he is prepared to sell as cheap as the cheapest anything in his line. Give me a call.

March 19, 1869.—tf

Photograph Galleries.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

TIPTON & MYERS'

EXCELSIOR GALLERIES

YORK STREET, GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

PICTURES OF ALL STYLES.

Views of the Battle-field.

Send Stamp for Catalogue.

FRAMES, ALBUMS, &c., &c.

Sole Agents for Barnaby & Millard's Patent Revolving Albums.

Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

HOLIDAYS!

NEW FIRM!

THE subscribers having entered into partnership in the PHOTOGRAPHIC BUSINESS, at the old stand of STRUB & CO., Baltimore street, Gettysburg, (nearly opposite Fahnestocks' Store), where they will always be prepared to take, in the best style,

PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, BONTONS, CARTES, IMPERIELS, AND ALL OTHER STYLES,

Albums, Photograph Frames, &c.,

in great variety constantly on hand and for sale cheap.

Give us a call, everything done to please Customers and give satisfaction.

J. H. SNYDER,
JACOB PENSIL.

Nov. 19, 1869.—tf

Hotels and Restaurants.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF BALTIMORE STREET AND WASHINGTON SQUARE

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains. Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 20, 1867.—

KEYSTONE HOTEL

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerk we shall use every endeavor to please. This House is now open for the entertainment of the public and we cindly solicit a share of public patronage.

May, 1867.

CARDS, Letter Heads, Bill Heads Circulars, Envelopes, and all kinds of Job Printing done with neatness and cheap at this office.

Lines of Travel.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 8 40, A. M and connects at Hanover Junction with trains going North, passengers reaching Baltimore at 2 30 P. M., Harrisburgat 12 30, P. M., Philadelphia at 4 10 P. M. Returning, arrive at Gettysburg at 12 30 P. M., with passengers from Baltimore, Harrisburg, &c.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 2 45 P. M and connects at Hanover Junction with Mail Train South at 4 42 P. M., reaching Baltimore at 7 00 P. M. Returning arrives at Gettysburg at 6 30 P. M., with passengers from Baltimore, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c.

A Passenger Car is also attached to the Freight train, which leaves Hanover Junction at 7.10 A. M reaching Gettysburg at 10.20. Passengers leaving Harrisburg in the 5.15 A. M. train can thus reach Gettysburg by 10.30 A. M. The freight train, with Passenger Car attached, will leave Gettysburg at 2 P. M., reaching the Junction at 5.25.

R. McCURDY Sup't.

Nov. 26, 1869.

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

MONDAY, DEC. 27th, 1869.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 5.35, 8.10 A. M., 12.30 noon, and 3 00 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12.15 noon, 3.40, 6.40 and 10.00 P. M., respectively. Sleeping Cars accompany the 5.35 A. M., and 12 20 noon Trains without change.

Returning, leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 noon and 5 00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.35 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompany the 9.00 A. M. and 5.00 P. M. trains from New York without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 A. M., 2.05 and 8.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way Stations; 4.10 P. M. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 2.40 P. M.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning, from Reading at 6.20 P. M., stopping at all Stations.

Leave Pottsville at 5.30 and 9.00 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., Hamburg at 9.30 A. M., Shamokin at 5.40 and 10.40 A. M., Ashland at 7.05 A. M., and 12.30 noon, Tamaqua at 8.33 A. M., and 2.20 P. M., for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 A. M for Harrisburg, and 11.30 A. M. for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.40 A. M., passes Reading at 7.30 A. M., arriving at Philadelphia at 10.20 A. M. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.15 P. M., passing Reading at 7 40 P. M., and arriving at Pottsville at 9.30 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 8.15 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.15 A. M., and 4.15 P. M. for Sphrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 A. M., 3.00 and 5.30 P. M.; returning, leave Schwenksville at 8.05 A. M., 12.45 noon, and 4.15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 A. M., and 5.20 P. M., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.25 A. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 A. M., 2.05 and 5.02 P. M., returning, leave Downingtown at 8.20 A. M., 12.45 noon and 4.15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays leave New York at 5.00 and 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., (the 8.00 A. M. train reaching only Reading) leave Pottsville at 8.00 A. M., Harrisburg at 5.35 A. M. and 4.10 P. M., and Reading at 7.18 A. M. and 10.05 P. M. for Harrisburg, at 7.25 A. M. for New York, and 9.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa Dec. 31, 1869.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

On and after Nov. 15, 1869, Trains will leave Hanover Junction as follows:

LEAVE NORTHWARD

10.35 a. m.—Daily for Williamsport, daily (except Sundays) for Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Canandaigua, Dunkirk and the West.

12.27 a. m —Daily for Elmira, Buffalo, &c.

2.15 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Erie.

6.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for York.

10.03 p. m.—Daily (except Mondays), for Harrisburg and the West.

LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

7.37 a. m.—Daily (stopping at Parkton only).

7.52 a. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at all Stations.

12.21 p. m.—Daily (except Sunday) stopping at Parkton only.

4.42 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at the Stations.

EDW. S. YOUNG Gen. Pass. Agent,
Baltimore, Md.

ALFRED R. FIKE, Gen. Superintendent,
Harrisburg, Penn'a.

Nov. 26, 1869.—tf

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Double track route running between Philadelphia and Pittsburg. Trains leaving Gettysburg make the following connections at the Junction:

Gettysburg	leave at	8.15 a. m.	12.10 p. m.
Junction	arrive	10.05 "	2.05 "
	leave	10.58 "	2.55 "
Harrisburg	arrive	12.55 p. m.	11.45 "
	leave	1.50 "	2.25 a. m.
Philadelphia	arrive	9.40 "	6.50 "
Harrisburg	leave	1.15 "	12.10 "
Pittsburg	arrive	1.35 a. m.	9.10 "

At Philadelphia close connections are made with the trains for New York, Boston and all Eastern Cities. At Pittsburg connections are made in the Union Depot with the trains for all Western points.

For further information apply to

HENRY M. GUERNSEY, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent, Philadelphia. [May 14, 1869.—1

Livery Stables.

WEAVER & SON.

Livery, Sales & Exchange

STABLES,

Washington st., Gettysburg, Penna.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that they have better accommodations than ever to supply the public with all styles and kinds of Conveyances that can be found in a first class livery. Their Horses, Hacks, and Sleighs cannot be beat by any establishment in the town. In prices they defy competition.

Horses and Mules

bought and sold, on reasonable terms.

GIVE US A CALL.

Take Notice.

THE undersigned is desirous of closing up his old accounts, and would ask all those indebted to call and settle the same. The books will be found at the above stables and all persons indebted are earnestly requested to call and square their accounts. NICHOLAS WEAVER.

Dec 3, 1869.—tf

EAGLE LIVERY,

Sale & Exchange Stables,

Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg street,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned have opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE, in this place, and are prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. We have provided ourselves with

Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c.,

of the latest style, sufficient to meet the public demand. Our horses are good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and com fortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what the want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of all trains.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who may patronize our establishment.

PERRY J. TATE,
WILLIAM D. HOLLENWORTH.

Dec. 31, 1869

MINCE PIES!

AT WM. J. MARTIN'S, is the place to get the material for a good Mince Pies.

RAISINS,

CURRANTS,

PRUNES,

CITRONS,

CRANBERRIES,

AND APPLES,

At MARTIN'S, Baltimore st

Nov. 19, 1869.—3m

Lines of Travel.

FURNITURE ROOMS,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WARNER & CO.

INVITE special attention to their large assortment of Household Furniture, all of the best make and latest styles, which they are selling at City prices.

COTTAGE SUITS,

Containing BEDSTEAD, BUREAU, WASH-STAND, TEAPOY TABLE, FOUR CHAIRS, NURSE ROCKER, and TOWEL RACK—sets as low as $50. Also,

PARLOR & CHAMBER FURNITURE,

of all kinds in separate pieces—SOFAS, TABLES, CHAIRS, STANDS, BUREAUS, TOWEL RACKS, WARDROBES, WORK TABLES, DINING and BREAKFAST TABLES, EXTENSIVE TABLES, CRIBS, MATTRESSES, HAT RACKS, WHAT-NOTS, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, STEP LADDERS, BRACKETS, &c., &c., and a large assortment of

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.

TUCKER SPRING BOTTOM.

Call and Examine!

South-east corner of Centre Square.

Oct. 22, 1869.—tf

TYNDALF, MITCHELL & WOLF,

China, Glass and Earthen-ware,

NO. 707 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

Fine Parisian Ganite,

The best stoneware in the market, sold at the prices of ordinary goods.

WHITE FRENCH CHINA,

in all the best shapes and style.

Decorated Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets in great variety.

GLASS ENGRAVED ON THE PREMISES, AND CHINA DECORATED either in full sets or matching, in the best manner.

FIRST CLASS GOODS ONLY and LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Letters of inquiry in regard to prices, &c., of goods, promptly answered. [Mar. 4, 1870—3m

RING'S VEGETABLE

AMBROSIA.

THIS FAVORITE HAIR RESTORER

has been before the public long enough to have been thoroughly tested and its increasing sale and popularity are the best evidences of its superior merit.

AS A RESTORER OF GRAY HAIR

to its original color it has no equal.

FOR CURING

HUMORS OF THE SCALP

and preventing itching it is wonderfully successful.

For Preventing the Hair

from falling off it is unfailing.

FOR RESTORING

HAIR TO BALD HEADS

it succeeds beyond Competition, although not always successful. Where the glands or follicles are not destroyed new Hairs is sure to grow after using it properly.

AS A DRESSING

nothing surpasses it. It imparts to dry, faded and wiry Hair that beautiful glossy appearance so much admired.

Containing no oil or grease it does not soil the finest linen.

It is compounded upon Scientific principles of the purest ingredients and is entirely harmless.

Being perfumed with the most fragrant Extracts its odor is delightful.

TESTIMONIALS

almost without number can be given if necessary but the

AMBROSIA

is too well known to require it. Use it once and you will never be without it.

Sold by A. D. Buehler, J. M. Huber, S. Horner, Gettysburg, Pa., and by

DRUGGISTS AND MERCHANTS EVERYWHERE

PRICE ONE DOLLAR *PER BOTTLE.*

E. M. TUBS & CO., *Proprietors,* MANCHESTER, N. H.

Nov. 26, 1869—3m

THE CUCUMBER WOOD

PUMP!!

Our doors reasons why this is the best Pump manufactured in America for

WELLS & CISTERNS.

1. It is Simple. 2. It is Reliable.